

MIT OpenCourseWare  
<http://ocw.mit.edu>

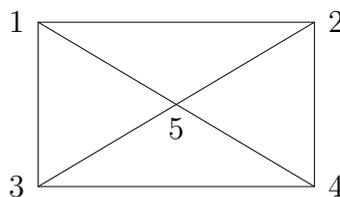
18.085 Computational Science and Engineering I  
Fall 2008

For information about citing these materials or our Terms of Use, visit: <http://ocw.mit.edu/terms>.

Your PRINTED name is: \_\_\_\_\_

Grading 1  
2  
3  
\_\_\_\_\_

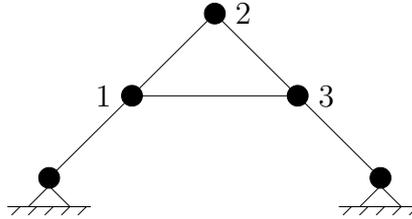
- 1) (40 pts.) This problem is based on a 5-node graph.



I have not included edge numbers and arrows. Add them if you want to: not needed.

- (a) Find  $A^T A$  for this graph.  $A$  is the incidence matrix.
- (b) The sum of the eigenvalues of  $A^T A$  is \_\_\_\_\_ .  
The product of those eigenvalues is \_\_\_\_\_ .
- (c) What is  $A^T A$  for a graph with **only one edge**? How can that small  $A^T A$  be used in constructing  $A^T A$  for a large graph?
- (d) Suppose I want to solve  $Au = \text{ones}(8, 1) = b$  by least squares. What equation gives a best  $\hat{u}$ ? For the incidence matrix  $A$ , is there exactly one best  $\hat{u}$  solving that equation? (If your equation has more than one best  $\hat{u}$ , describe the difference between any two solutions.)

- 2) (30 pts.)
- (a) Suppose  $A$  is an  $m$  by  $n$  matrix of rank  $r$  (so it has  $r$  independent columns). How many independent solutions to  $Au = 0$  and  $A^T w = 0$ ?
- (b) Draw a full set of mechanisms (solutions to  $e = Au = 0$  with no stretching) for this truss with unit length bars and  $45^\circ$  angles.



- (c) Suppose a mechanism has  $u_1^H = .01$ . What are  $u_1^V$  and  $u_3^H$  and  $u_3^V$ ?  
What is the actual new length of the bar between joints 1 and 3?

3) (30 pts.) This problem is about the equation

$$-u''(x) + u(x) = 1 \quad \text{with } u(0) = 0 \text{ and } u(1) = 0.$$

- (a) Multiply by a test function  $v(x)$ . Find the weak form of the equation, after an integration by parts.
- (b) With  $h = \Delta x = \frac{1}{3}$  draw the admissible piecewise linear trial functions  $\phi_1(x), \dots, \phi_n(x)$ . What is  $n$ ? With test functions = trial functions, give a *formula* for the entry  $K_{12}$  in the finite element equation  $KU = F$ .
- (c) Find all the numbers in  $K$  and  $F$ .