

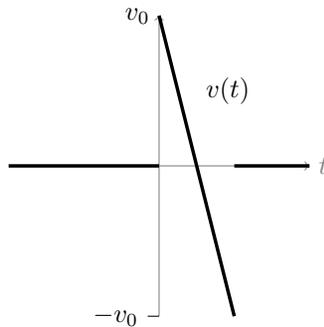
Generalized Derivatives.

Quiz: When you fire a gun, you exert a very large force on the bullet over a very short period of time. If we integrate $F = ma = mx''$ we see that a large force over a short time creates a sudden change in the momentum, mx' . This is called an "impulse."

If the gun is fired straight up, the graph of the elevation of the bullet, plotted against t , starts at zero, then rises in an inverted parabola, and then when it hits the ground it stops again.

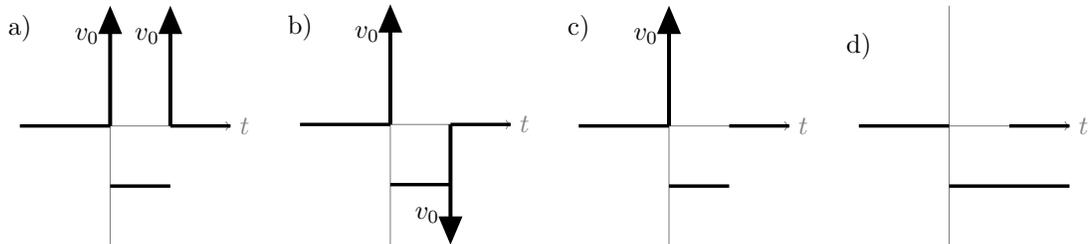
The velocity (derivative of the position function) is zero for $t < 0$; then it rises to v_0 (the initial velocity of the bullet); then it falls at constant rate (the acceleration of gravity) until the instant when it hits the ground, when it returns abruptly to zero.

The graph of $v(t)$ looks like this:



What does the graph of the generalized derivative of $v(t)$ look like?

Choices:



e) None of these.

Pick what you think is the correct choice and then look at the answer.

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