

18.03SC Unit 3 Exam Solutions

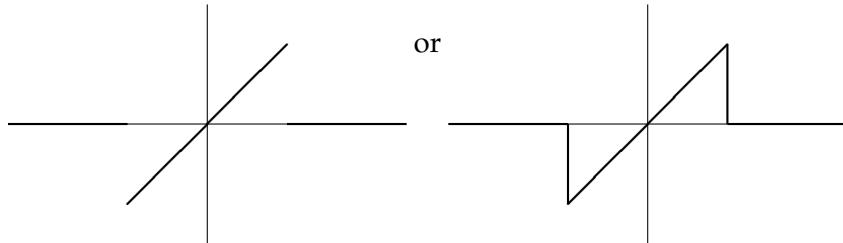
1. (a) The miminal period is 2.

(b) $f(t)$ is even.

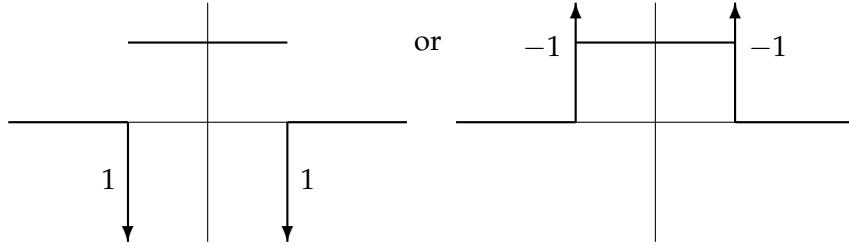
(c) $x_p(t) = \frac{1}{\omega_n^2} + \frac{\cos(\pi t)}{2(\omega_n^2 - \pi^2)} + \frac{\cos(2\pi t)}{4(\omega_n^2 - 4\pi^2)} + \frac{\cos(3\pi t)}{8(\omega_n^2 - 9\pi^2)} + \dots$

(d) There is no periodic solution when $\omega_n = 0, \pi, 2\pi, 3\pi, \dots$

2. (a)



(b)



(c) $f'(t) = (u(t+1) - u(t-1)) - \delta(t+1) - \delta(t-1).$

3. (a) $v(t) = w(t) * u(t) = \int_0^t w(t-\tau)u(\tau) d\tau = \int_0^t (e^{-(t-\tau)} - e^{-3(t-\tau)}) d\tau$
 $= e^{-t} e^\tau \Big|_0^t - e^{-3t} \frac{e^{3\tau}}{3} \Big|_0^t = (1 - e^{-t}) - \frac{1 - e^{-3t}}{3} = \frac{2}{3} - e^{-t} + \frac{e^{-3t}}{3}.$

(b) $W(s) = \mathcal{L}[w(t)] = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+3}.$

(c) $W(s) = \frac{1}{s+1} - \frac{1}{s+3} = \frac{(s+3) - (s+1)}{(s+1)(s+3)} = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4s + 3},$ so $p(s) = \frac{1}{2}(s^2 + 4s + 3).$

4. (a) $\frac{s-1}{s} = 1 - \frac{1}{s} \rightsquigarrow \delta(t) - u(t),$ so $\frac{e^{-s}(s-1)}{s} \rightsquigarrow \delta(t-1) - u(t-1).$

(b) $F(s) = \frac{s+10}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 10s} = \frac{a}{s} + \frac{b(s+1) + c}{(s+1)^2 + 9}.$ By coverup, $a = \frac{10}{10} = 1.$ By complex coverup (multiply through by $(s+1)^2 + 9$ and set s to be a root, say $-1 + 3i$), $b(3i) + c = \frac{9+3i}{-1+3i} = -3i,$ so $b = -1, c = 0,$ and $F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{s+1}{(s+1)^2 + 9},$ which is the Laplace transform of $1 - e^{-t} \cos(3t).$

5. (a) Poles at $\{0, -1 + 3i, -1 - 3i\}.$

(b) $X(s) = W(s)F(s).$ $F(s) = \frac{2}{s^2 + 4},$ so $X(s) = \left(\frac{s+10}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 10s} \right) \left(\frac{2}{s^2 + 4} \right).$

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18.03SC Differential Equations

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