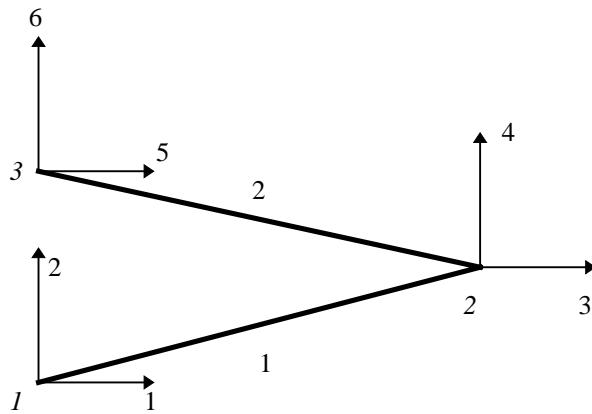


Global numbering of nodes (italics), elements, and degrees of freedom (numbers on vectors):



Form element stiffness matrix from column vectors (see text p. 56):

```
with(linalg); a1:=matrix(4,1,[-c,-s,c,s]);a2:=matrix(1,4,[-c,-s,c,s]);
```

$$a1 := \begin{bmatrix} -c \\ -s \\ c \\ s \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a2 := [-c \quad -s \quad c \quad s]$$

Multiply these to get element stiffness matrix of Eq. 2.10:

```
k:=evalm( (A*E/L) * a1 &* a2 );
```

$$k := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{AEc^2}{L} & \frac{AEcs}{L} & -\frac{AEc^2}{L} & -\frac{AEcs}{L} \\ \frac{AEcs}{L} & \frac{AES^2}{L} & -\frac{AEcs}{L} & -\frac{AES^2}{L} \\ -\frac{AEc^2}{L} & -\frac{AEcs}{L} & \frac{AEc^2}{L} & \frac{AEcs}{L} \\ -\frac{AEcs}{L} & -\frac{AES^2}{L} & \frac{AEcs}{L} & \frac{AES^2}{L} \end{bmatrix}$$

Trigonometric relations

```
c:=cos(theta);s:=sin(theta); theta:=arctan((y[2]-y[1])/(x[2]-x[1]));
```

$$c := \cos(\theta)$$

$$s := \sin(\theta)$$

$$\theta := \arctan\left(\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}\right)$$

Nodal coordinates of element 1

```
x[1]:=0;y[1]:=0;x[2]:=1.5;y[2]:=.25;
```

Set precision, get length

```
Digits:=4;L:=sqrt((x[2]-x[1])^2 + (y[2]-y[1])^2 );
```

$$L := 1.521$$

Define area and modulus (unprotecting E this way is dangerous)

$$A := 3.142 \times 10^{-4}; \text{unprotect}(E); E := 210 \times 10^9;$$

$$A := .0003142$$

$$E := .210 \times 10^{12}$$

Evaluate stiffness matrix, save as k1

$$k1 := \text{map}(\text{eval}, k);$$

$$k1 := \begin{bmatrix} .4221 \times 10^8 & .7035 \times 10^7 & -.4221 \times 10^8 & -.7035 \times 10^7 \\ .7035 \times 10^7 & .1173 \times 10^7 & -.7035 \times 10^7 & -.1173 \times 10^7 \\ -.4221 \times 10^8 & -.7035 \times 10^7 & .4221 \times 10^8 & .7035 \times 10^7 \\ -.7035 \times 10^7 & -.1173 \times 10^7 & .7035 \times 10^7 & .1173 \times 10^7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Redefine nodal coordinates, for element 2

$$x[1] := 1.5; y[1] := .25; x[2] := 0; y[2] := .5;$$

Reevaluate stiffness matrix, save as k2

$$k2 := \text{map}(\text{eval}, k);$$

$$k2 := \begin{bmatrix} .4221 \times 10^8 & -.7035 \times 10^7 & -.4221 \times 10^8 & .7035 \times 10^7 \\ -.7035 \times 10^7 & .1173 \times 10^7 & .7035 \times 10^7 & -.1173 \times 10^7 \\ -.4221 \times 10^8 & .7035 \times 10^7 & .4221 \times 10^8 & -.7035 \times 10^7 \\ .7035 \times 10^7 & -.1173 \times 10^7 & -.7035 \times 10^7 & .1173 \times 10^7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Define global stiffness matrix

$$\begin{aligned} K := \text{matrix}(6, 6, [& [k1[1,1], k1[1,2], k1[1,3], k1[1,4], 0, 0], \\ & [k1[2,1], k1[2,2], k1[2,3], k1[2,4], 0, 0], \\ & [k1[3,1], k1[3,2], k1[3,3]+k2[1,1], k1[3,4]+k2[1,2], k2[1,3], k2[1,4]], \\ & [k1[4,1], k1[4,2], k1[4,3]+k2[2,1], k1[4,4]+k2[2,2], k2[2,3], k2[2,4]], \\ & [0, 0, k2[3,1], k2[3,2], k2[3,3], k2[3,4]], \\ & [0, 0, k2[4,1], k2[4,2], k2[4,3], k2[4,4]]]); \end{aligned}$$

$$K := \begin{bmatrix} .4221 \times 10^8, & .7035 \times 10^7, & -.4221 \times 10^8, & -.7035 \times 10^7, & 0, & 0 \\ .7035 \times 10^7, & .1173 \times 10^7, & -.7035 \times 10^7, & -.1173 \times 10^7, & 0, & 0 \\ -.4221 \times 10^8, & -.7035 \times 10^7, & .8442 \times 10^8, & 0, & -.4221 \times 10^8, & .7035 \times 10^7 \\ -.7035 \times 10^7, & -.1173 \times 10^7, & 0, & .2346 \times 10^7, & .7035 \times 10^7, & -.1173 \times 10^7 \\ 0, & 0, & -.4221 \times 10^8, & .7035 \times 10^7, & .4221 \times 10^8, & -.7035 \times 10^7 \\ 0, & 0, & .7035 \times 10^7, & -.1173 \times 10^7, & -.7035 \times 10^7, & .1173 \times 10^7 \end{bmatrix}$$

Solve for unknown displacements - expand rows 3 and 4 of system (dof 1,2,5,6 known to have zero displacement):

$$\text{row3} := K[3,3]*u[3] + K[3,4]*u[4] = 0; \text{row4} := K[4,3]*u[3] + K[4,4]*u[4] = -2000;$$

$$\text{row3} := .8442 \times 10^8 u_3 = 0$$

$$row4 := .2346 \cdot 10^7 u_4 = -2000$$

Solve for unknown displacements:

$$\text{solve}(\{\text{row3}, \text{row4}\}, \{u[3], u[4]\});$$

$$\{u_3 = 0, u_4 = -.0008526\}$$

Solve for unknown forces from $\mathbf{f} = \mathbf{KU}$:

Left-hand side (displacement) vector:

$$\mathbf{U} := \text{matrix}(6, 1, [0, 0, 0, -.0008526, 0, 0]);$$

$$U := \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ -.0008526 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Form \mathbf{KU} product to get right-hand side (force) vector

$$\mathbf{f}' = \text{evalm}(\mathbf{K} \cdot \mathbf{U});$$

$$f = \begin{bmatrix} 5998. \\ 1000. \\ 0 \\ -2000. \\ -5998. \\ 1000. \end{bmatrix}$$

3.11 Mechanics of Materials
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