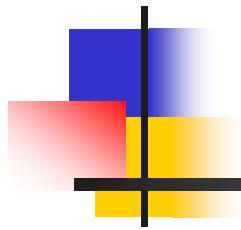


# 3.155J/6.152J Lecture 7: MEMS Lab Overview



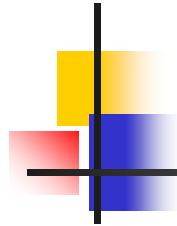
Prof. Martin A. Schmidt  
Massachusetts Institute of Technology  
10/3/2005



# Outline

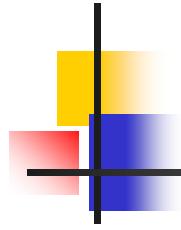
---

- MEMS Device and Technology Overview
- Anisotropic Etching
- Description of the Process and Testing
- Silicon Nitride as a Mechanical Material
- References
  - Senturia, Microsystems Design, Kluwer



# MEMS Manufacturing Technologies

- Bulk Micromachining
  - DRIE-Based
  - Wet Processes
- Surface Micromachining
- Wafer Bonding
  - Front end – e.g. Fusion Bonding
  - Back end – e.g. Anodic Bonding
- Plastic Processes
  - Molding
  - Embossing
- Others
  - High Aspect Ratio Metals (LIGA)
  - EDM

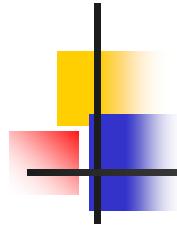


# Micromachining

Figures removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figures can be found in slide 10 of Tang, W. "MEMS Programs at DARPA." Presentation, DARPA,  
<http://www.darpa.mil/mto/mems/presentations/memsatdarpa3.pdf>

W. Tang - DARPA



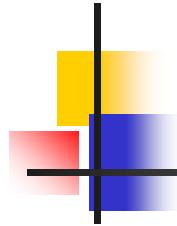
# Deep Etch Micromachining

Figures removed for copyright reasons.



Figures removed for copyright reasons.

<http://www.cyberkineticsinc.com/content/index.jsp>

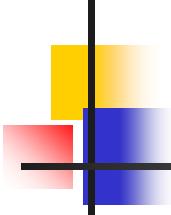


# Bulk Micromachining: Wet Etching

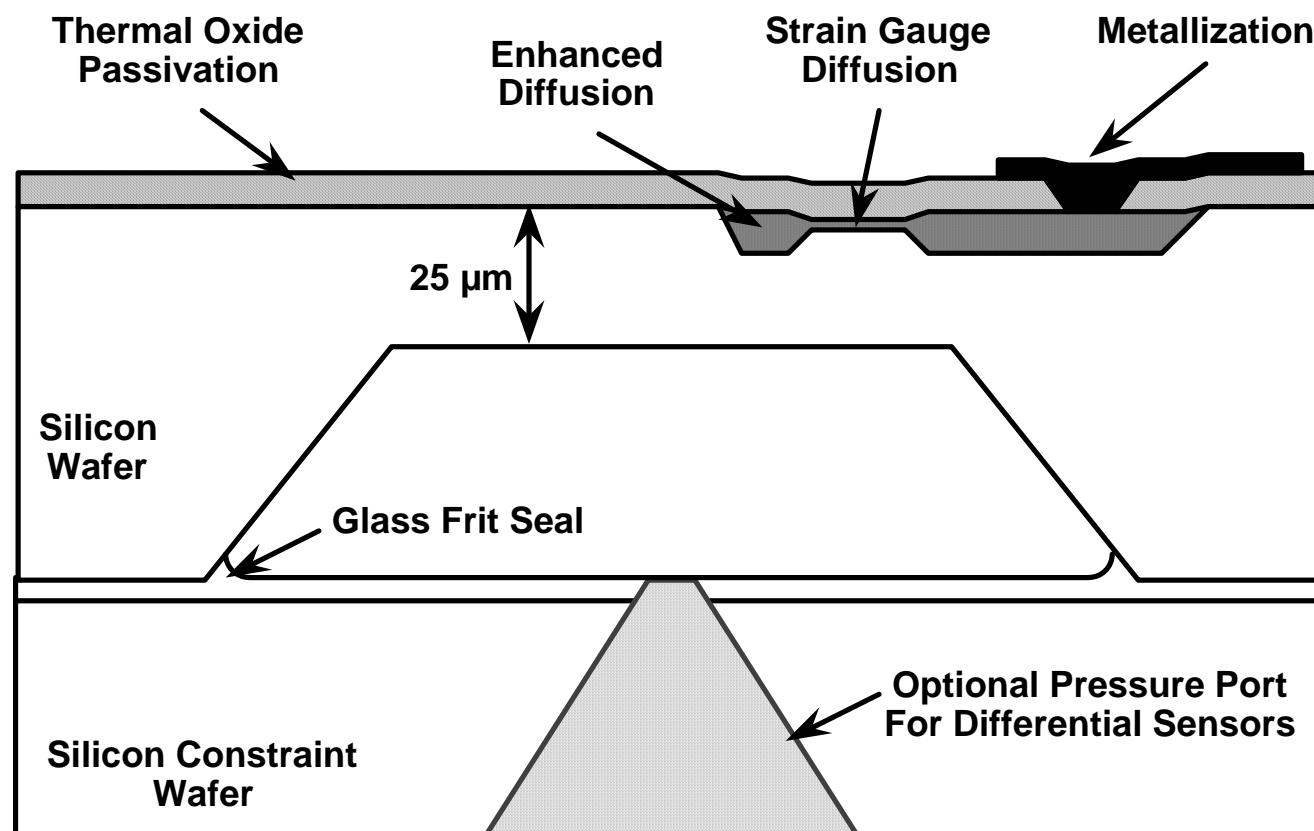
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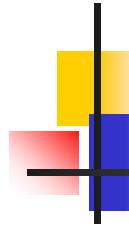
Please see: Figures can be found in slide 9 of Tang, W. "MEMS Programs at DARPA." Presentation, DARPA,  
<http://www.darpa.mil/mto/mems/presentations/memsatdarpa3.pdf>

W. Tang - DARPA



# Pressure Sensors





# Microphones and Pressure Sensors

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

See [http://www.emkayproducts.com/html/sil\\_mic.html](http://www.emkayproducts.com/html/sil_mic.html)

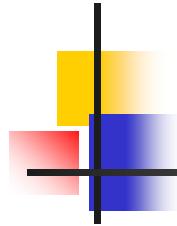
Figure removed for copyright reasons.

**NovaSensor**

# Ink Jet Nozzles and Heater Chips

- In development since 1973
- Today: 1.5 million produced every day
- HP and Lexmark use **Si heater chips**
  - laser-cut **polymer** nozzles
- Canon uses Si MEMS nozzles
  - “edge shooters” with bonded Si wafers

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

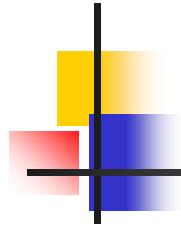


# Drug Delivery

Figures removed for copyright reasons.

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figure found in J.T. Santini, Jr., M.J. Cima, and R. Langer.  
"A controlled release microchip." *Nature* 397 (Jan 28, 1999): 335-338.

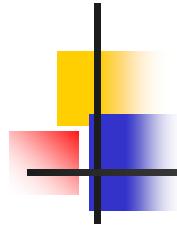


# Surface Micromachining

Figures removed for copyright reasons.

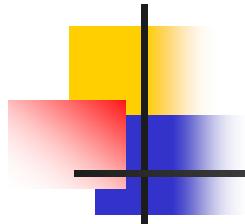
Please see: Figures can be found in slide 11 of Tang, W. "MEMS Programs at DARPA." Presentation, DARPA, <http://www.darpa.mil/mto/mems/presentations/memsatdarpa3.pdf>

W. Tang - DARPA



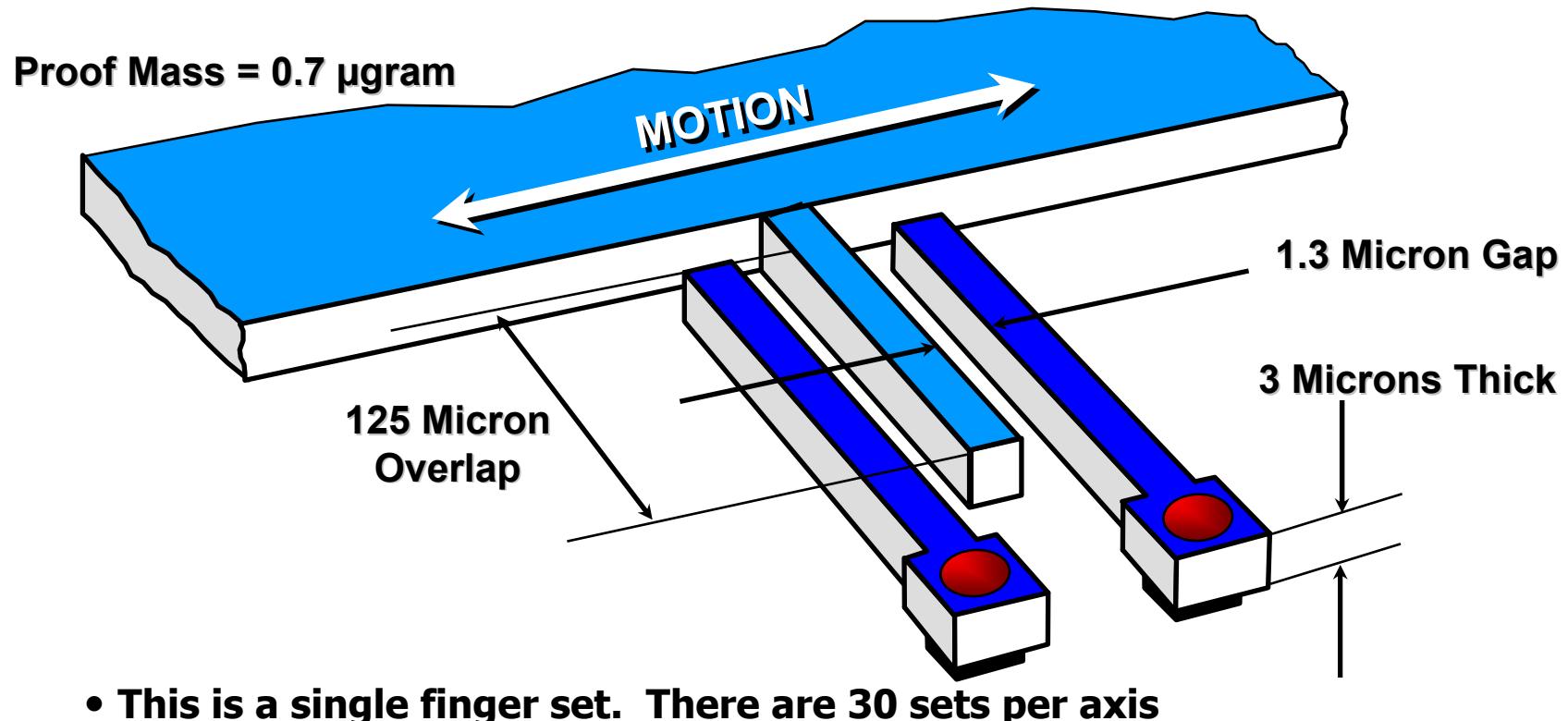
# Polysilicon Surface Micromachining

Figures removed for copyright reasons.



# Dynamic Silicon

*Micromachined Accelerometers and Gyros*

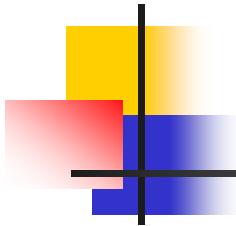


- This is a single finger set. There are 30 sets per axis

Courtesy of Robert Sulouff, Analog Devices. Used with permission.

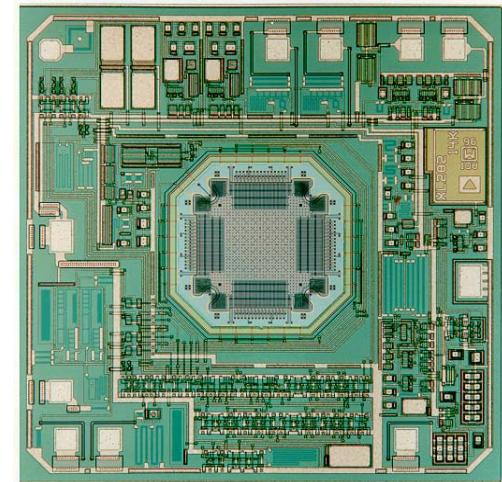
Copyright Analog Devices, Inc.

R. Sulouff

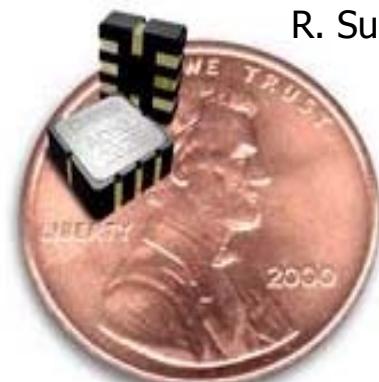


## ***ADXL 202 Brings Robots to Life***

Photo of toy robot dogs  
removed for copyright reasons.

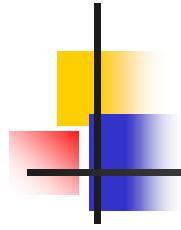


R. Sulouff



Courtesy of Robert Sulouff, Analog Devices. Used with permission  
Copyright Analog Devices, Inc.

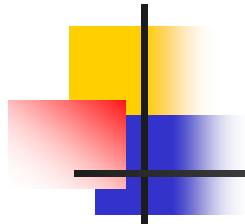




# Gyrosopes (Draper)

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figure found in Reference: J. Bernstein, S. Cho, A. T. King, A. Kourepinis, P. Maciel, and M. Weinberg, "A Micromachined comb-drive tuning fork rate gyroscope". *Proc. IEEE Micro Electro Mech. Systems* (1993): 143.



# Dynamic Silicon

*Micromachined Accelerometers and Gyros*

## Analog Devices Gyro

*Gyro Chip*

### Single Chip Rate Sensor

**5V Operation**

**Std Atmosphere**

**150 deg per second**

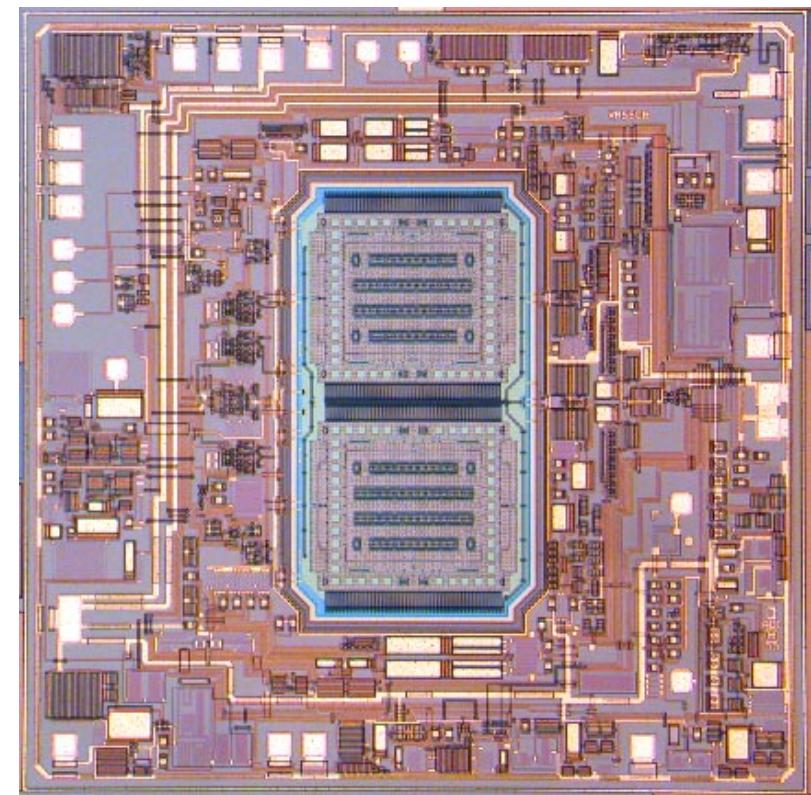
**Self-Test**

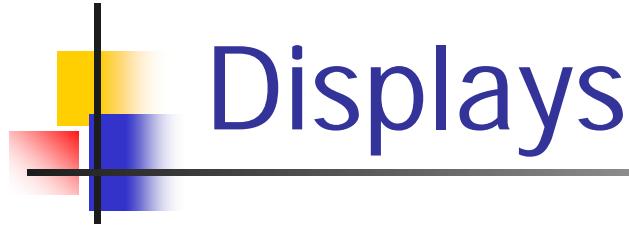
**0.03 deg/sec/sqrt hz**

**Compensated 5%**

Courtesy of Robert Sulouff, Analog Devices, Used with permission  
Copyright Analog Devices, Inc.

R. Sulouff





# Displays

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figure 19 in Hornbeck, L. "Digital Light Processing: A New MEMS-Based Display Technology." White Paper, Texas Instruments.

**TI Micro-Mirror  
Display :  
> 1M moving parts**

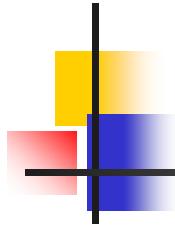
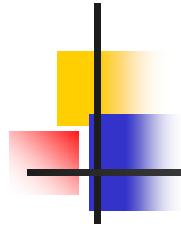


Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figure 19 in Hornbeck, L. "Digital Light Processing: A New MEMS-Based Display Technology." White Paper, Texas Instruments

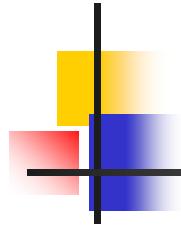


# Surface Micromachined Gears

Figures removed for copyright reasons.

Please see: Figures 3 and 8 in Mehregany, M., K. Gabriel, and W. Trimmer. "Integrated Fabrication of Polysilicon Mechanisms." *IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices* 35, no. 6 (1988): 719-723.

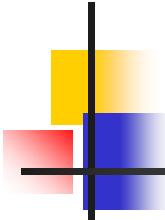
M.Mehregany – Bell Labs



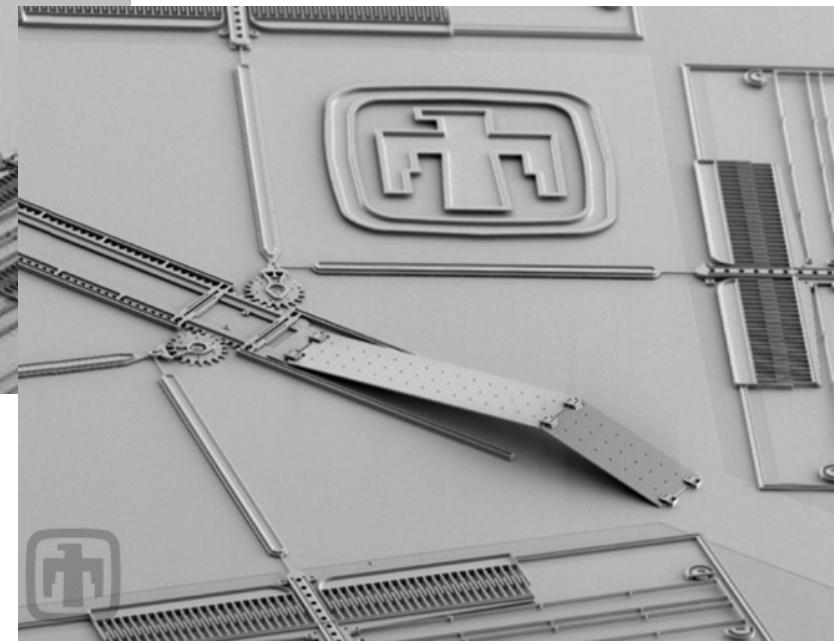
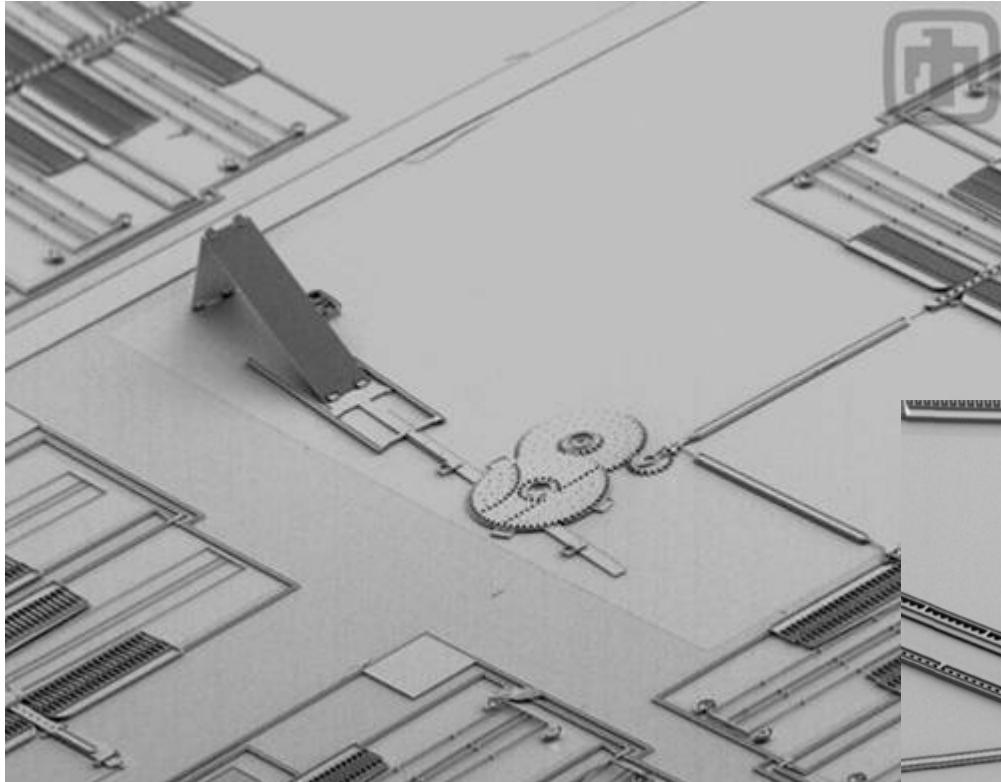
# Pop-Up MEMS

Figures removed for copyright reasons.

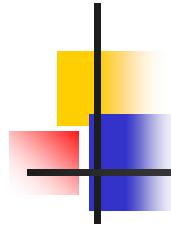
K. Pister – UC Berkeley



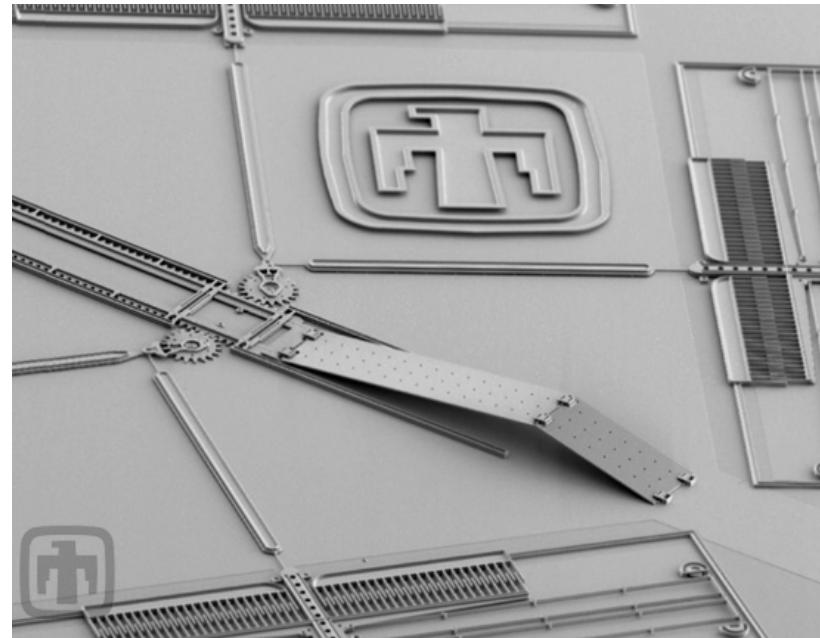
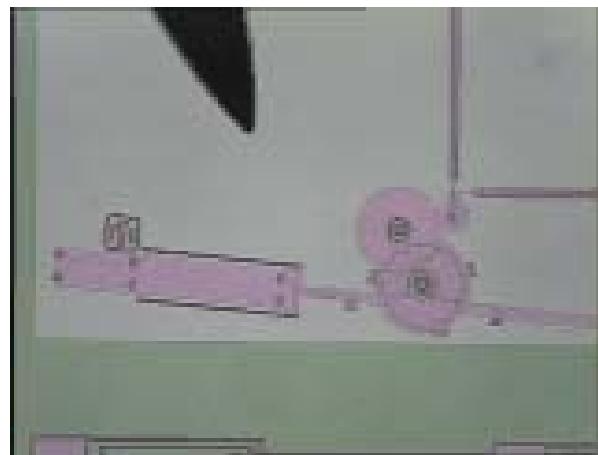
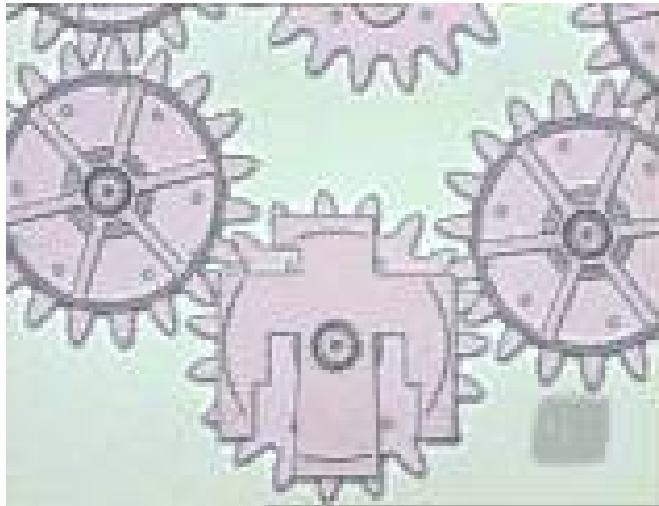
# Sandia MEMS



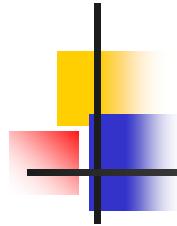
All images courtesy of Sandia National Laboratories, SUMMiT™ Technologies, [www.mems.sandia.gov](http://www.mems.sandia.gov)



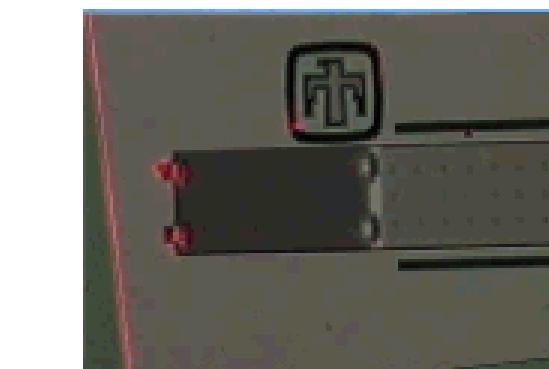
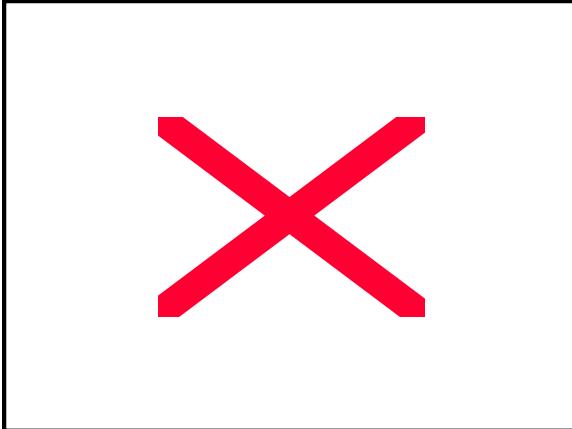
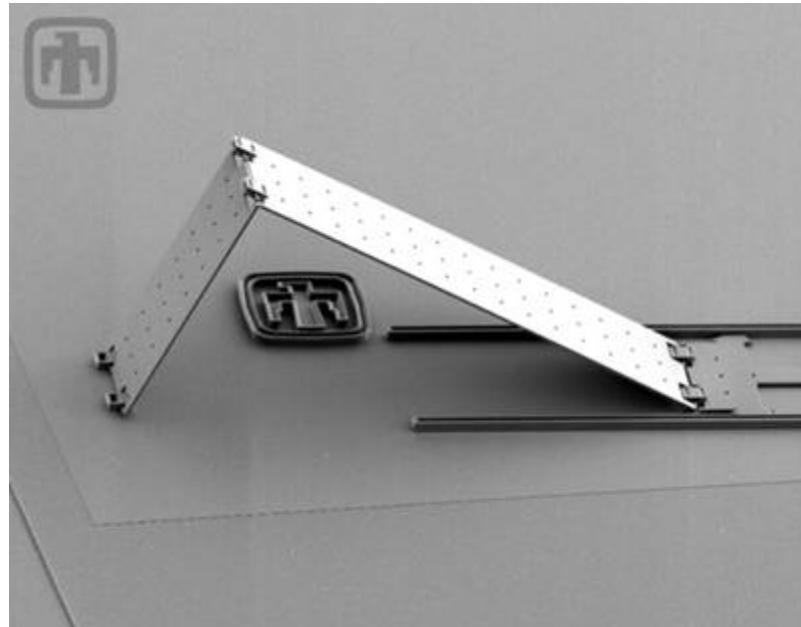
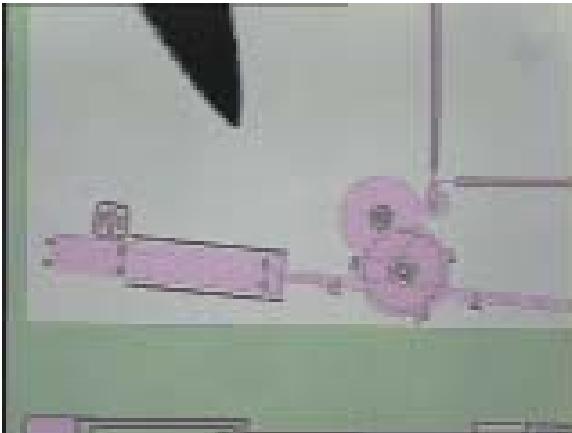
# Sandia Gears



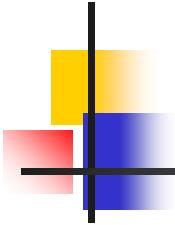
All images courtesy of Sandia National Laboratories, SUMMiT™ Technologies, [www.mems.sandia.gov](http://www.mems.sandia.gov)



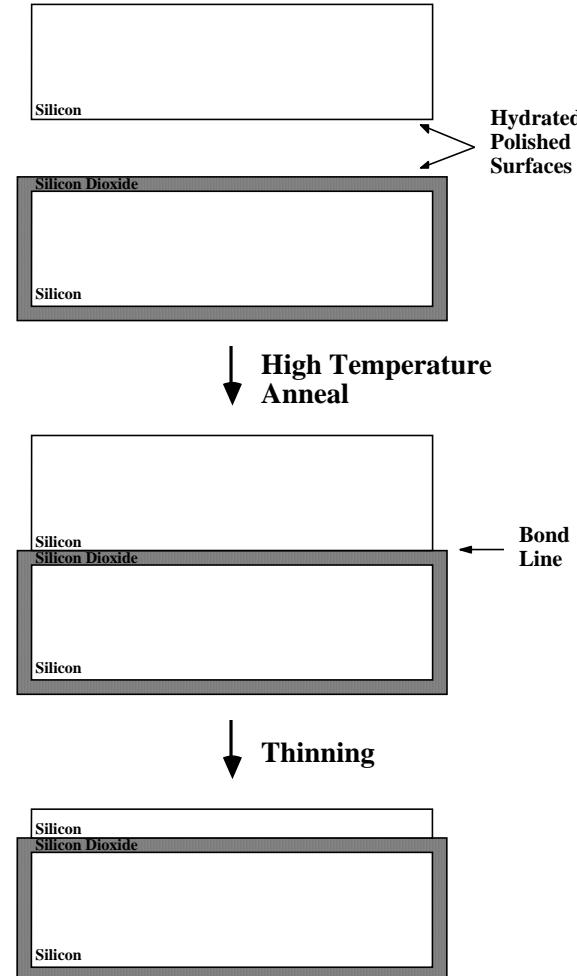
# Sandia Mirrors

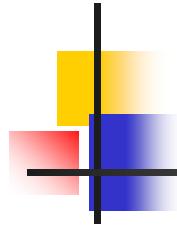


All images courtesy of Sandia National Laboratories, SUMMiT™ Technologies, [www.mems.sandia.gov](http://www.mems.sandia.gov)



# Wafer Bonding

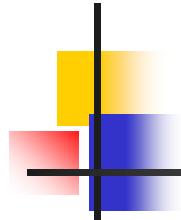




# Pressure Sensor

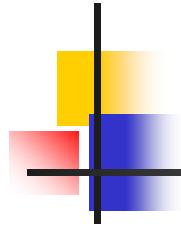
Figures removed for copyright reasons.

NovaSensor

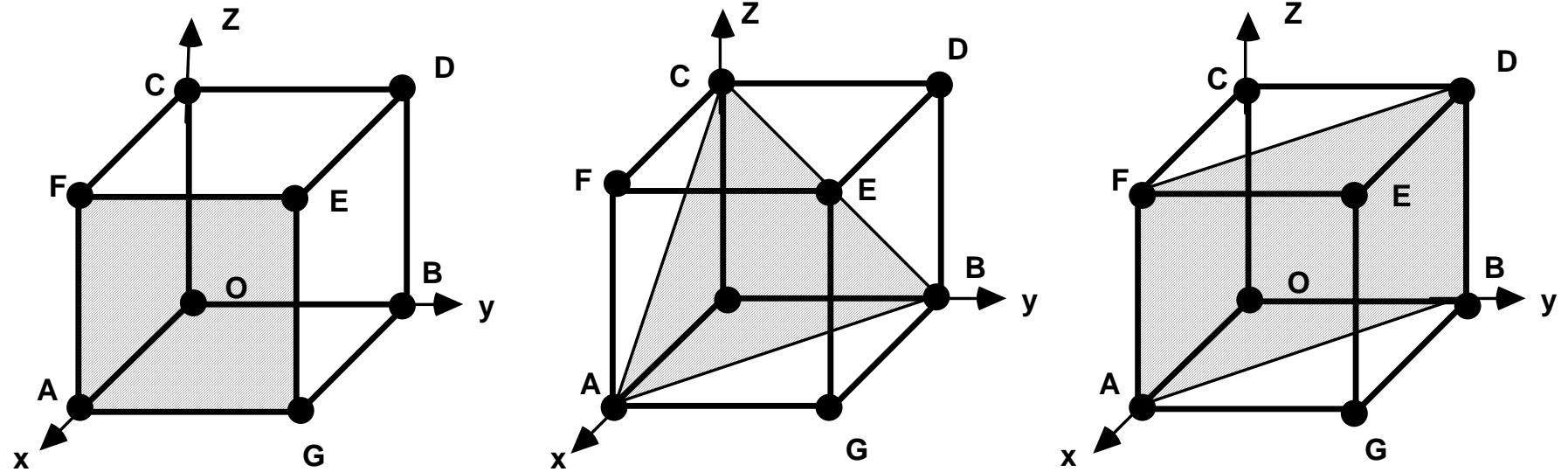


# MEMS Applications

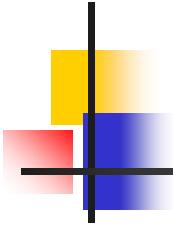
- Mechanical Sensors
  - Pressure, Acceleration, Flow (Mature)
    - Opportunities in wireless systems ( $\mu$ Amps, Smart Dust)
  - Acoustic
- Optical
  - Mirror Arrays
  - Modulators, Filters, Tunable Lasers
- Bio/Chem
  - Medical Instruments
  - Lab on a Chip (Chemical Sensors)
  - DNA/Protein Filters
  - Array-based Assays
- RF
  - Mechanical Filters
- Power
  - Energy Scavenging
  - Fuel Burning



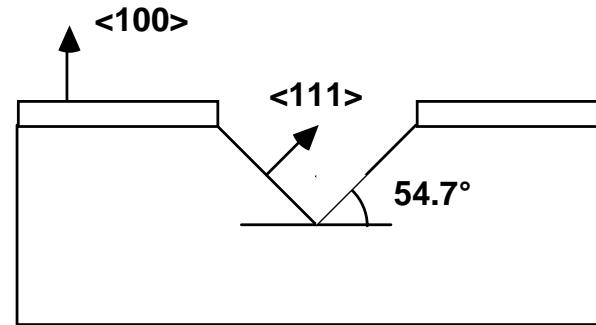
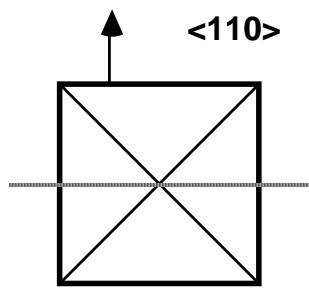
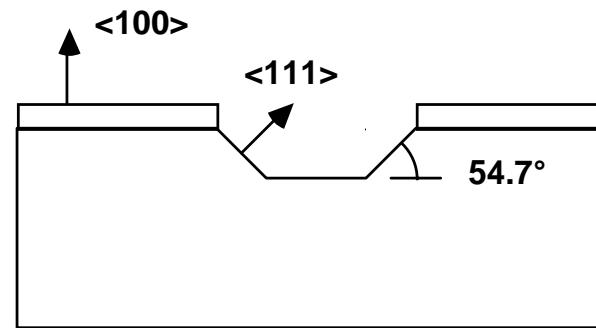
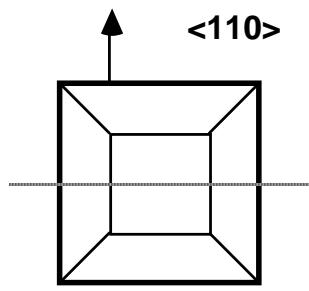
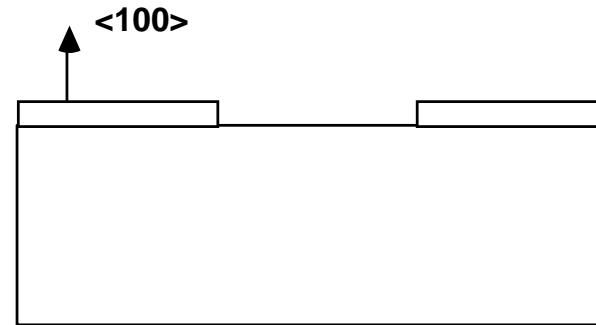
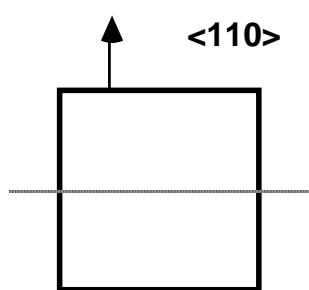
# Crystal Planes

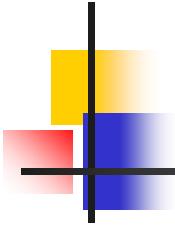


**The family of planes AFEG (1,0,0),  
ABC (1,1,1) and ABDF (1,1,0)**

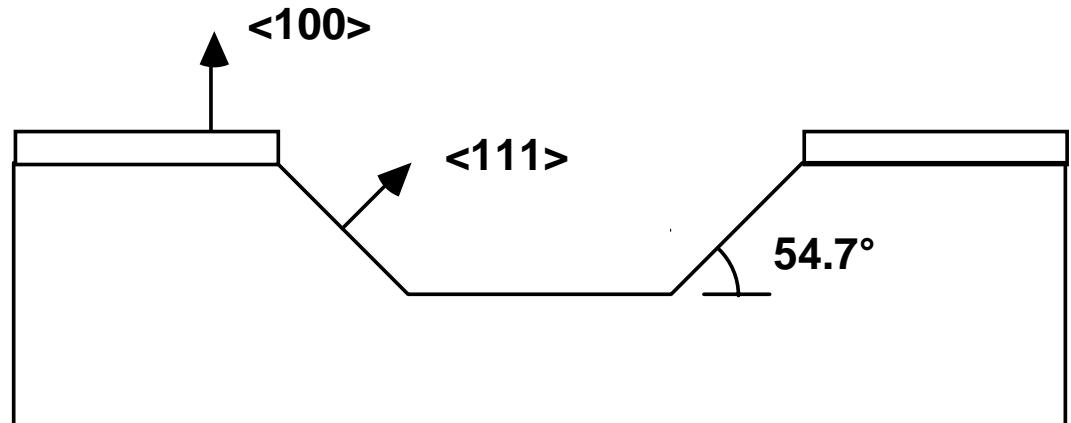
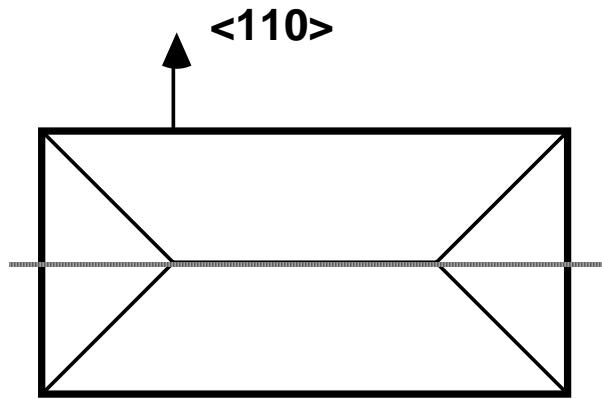


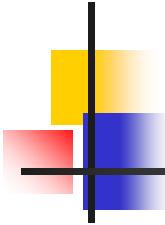
# Anisotropic Etching



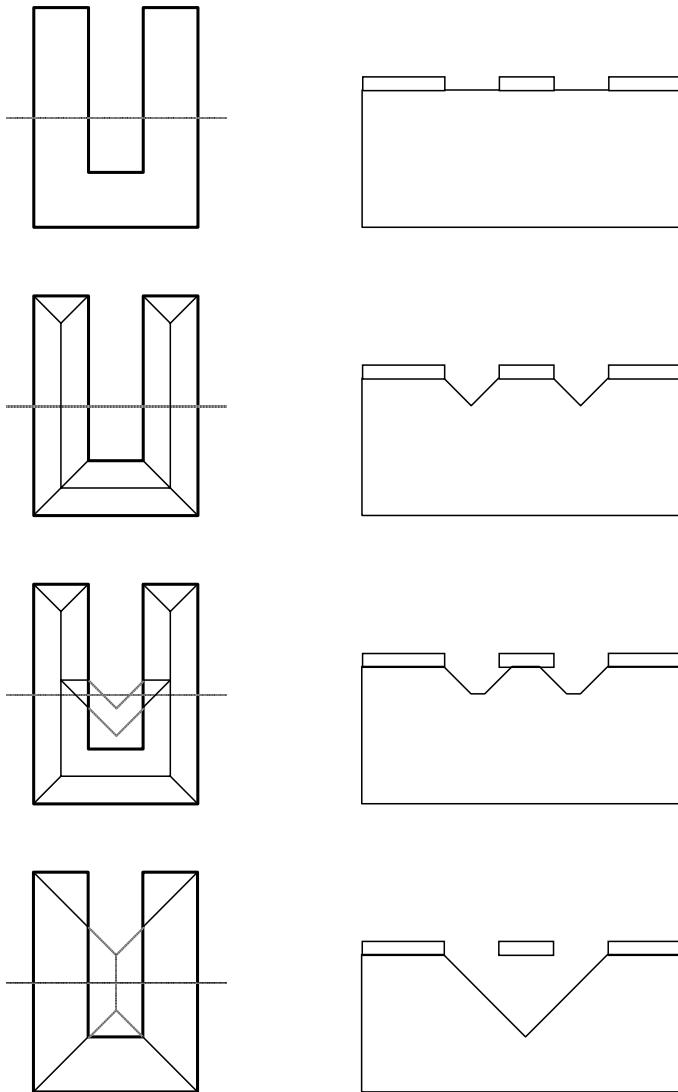


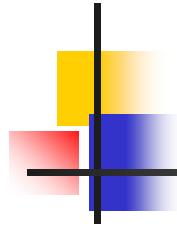
# Grooves



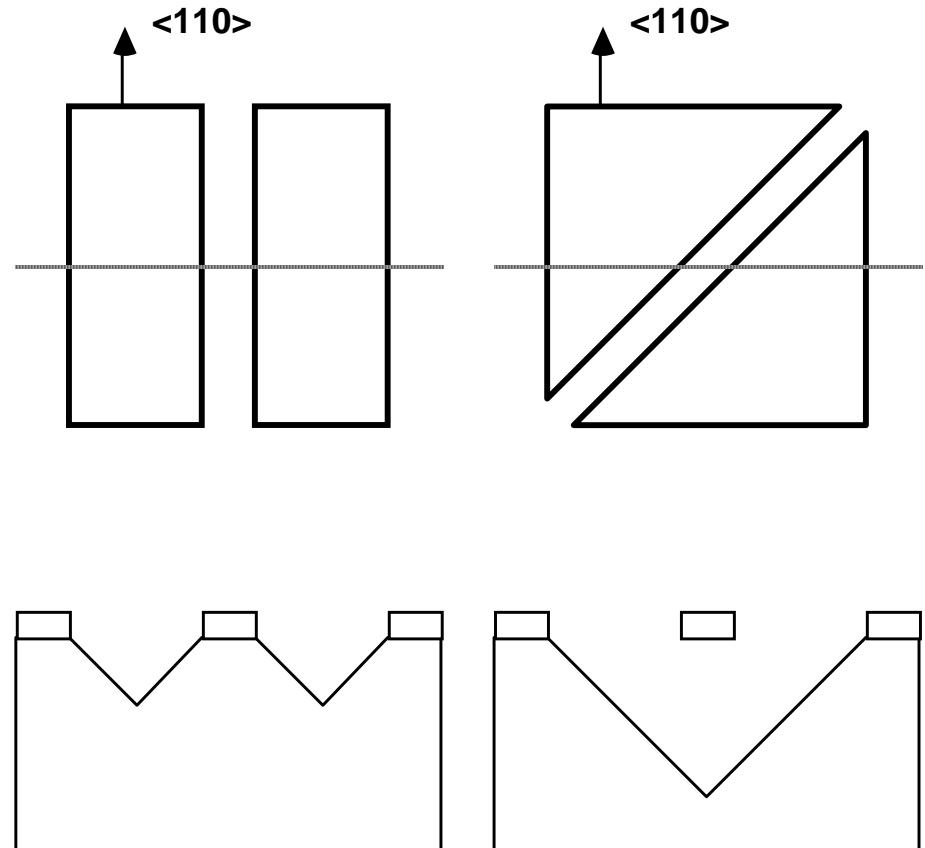
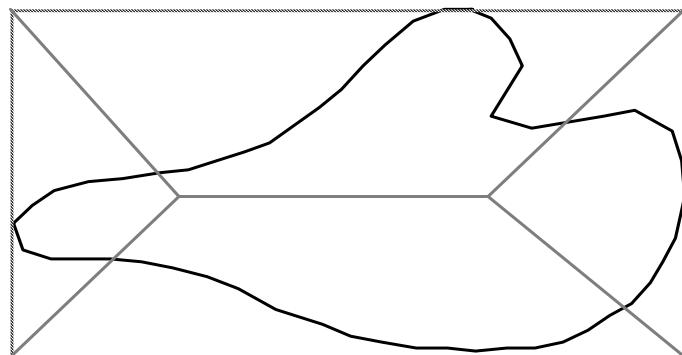


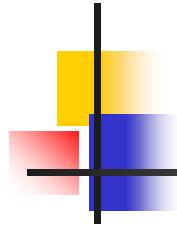
# Anisotropic Etching





# Anisotropic Etching

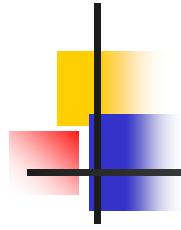




# Anisotropic Etching

Figures removed due to copyright restrictions.

Images found in Mehregany, M. "Application of Micromachined Structures to the Study of Mechanical Properties and Adhesion of Thin Films." *Master of Science Thesis*, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, May 23, 1986.



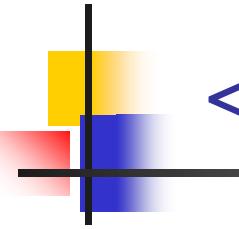
# Anisotropic Etching

Figure removed due to copyright restrictions.

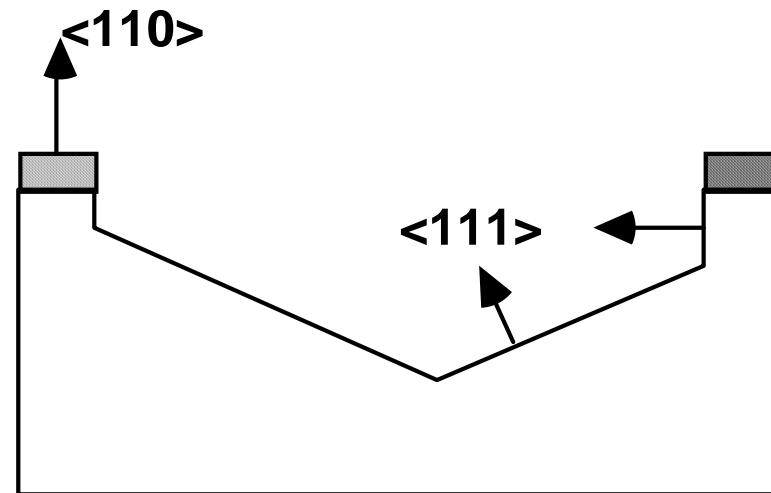
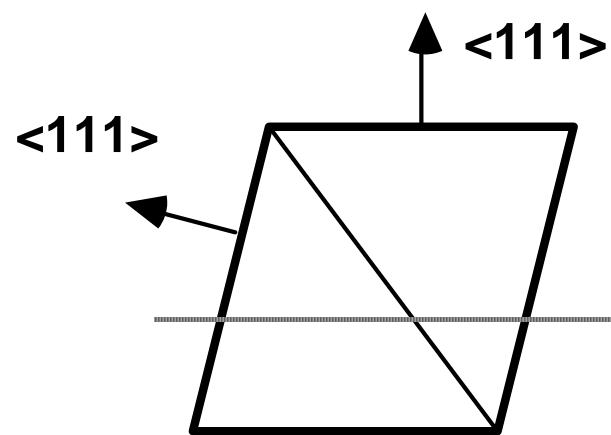
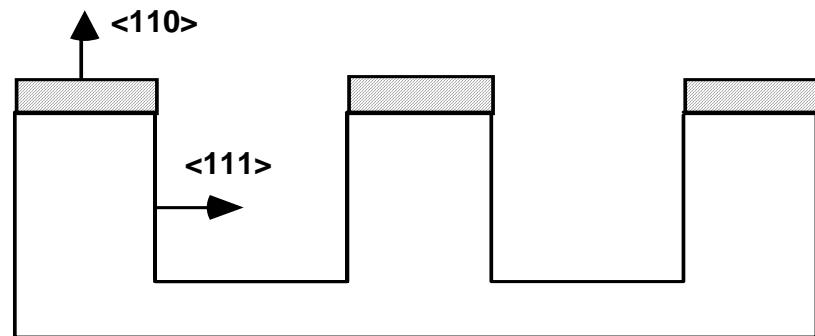
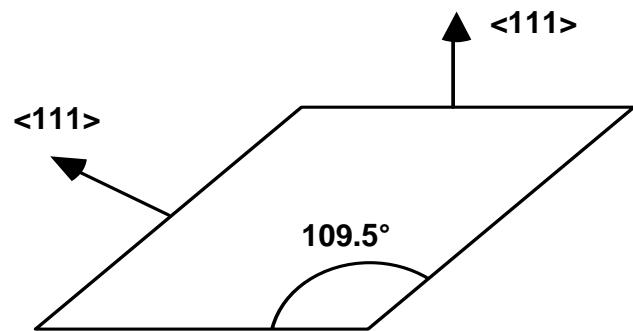
Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel.  
*The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.

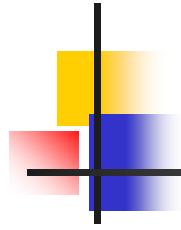
Figures removed due to copyright restrictions.

Images found in Mehregany, M. "Application of Micromachined Structures to the Study of Mechanical Properties and Adhesion of Thin Films." *Master of Science Thesis*, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, May 23, 1986.



# $<110>$ Silicon



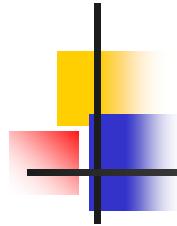


# Etch Rates

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Figure removed for copyright reasons.

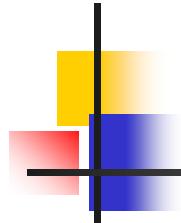
Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel. *The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.



# Orientation Dependence

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel. *The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.



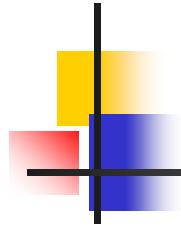
# Etch Masks

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**Si<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> etch rate in most anisotropic etchants is virtually zero.**

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

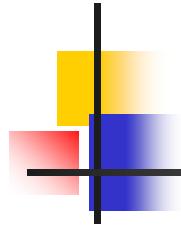
Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel. *The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.



# Si/SiO<sub>2</sub> Etch Rate Ratio

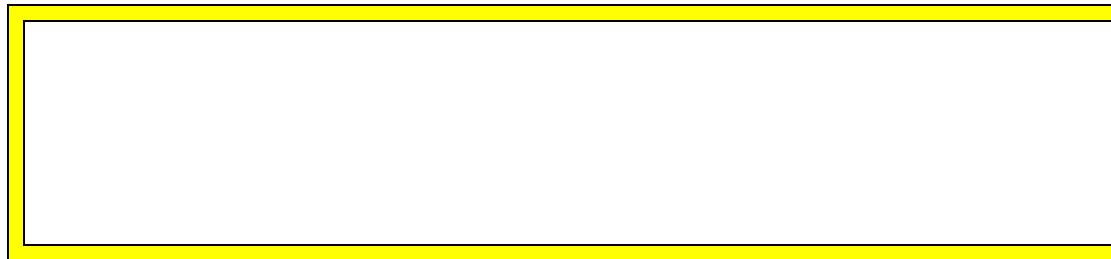
Figure removed for copyright reasons.

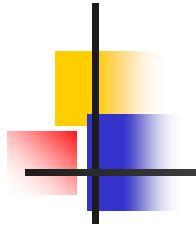
Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel. *The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.



# The Process – Lab 1

- Grow  $1.0\mu\text{m}$  of Si-Rich Silicon Nitride ( $\text{SiN}_x$ )
  - LPCVD Process (performed before lab)
  - Characterize (UV1280)
    - Thickness
    - Refractive index

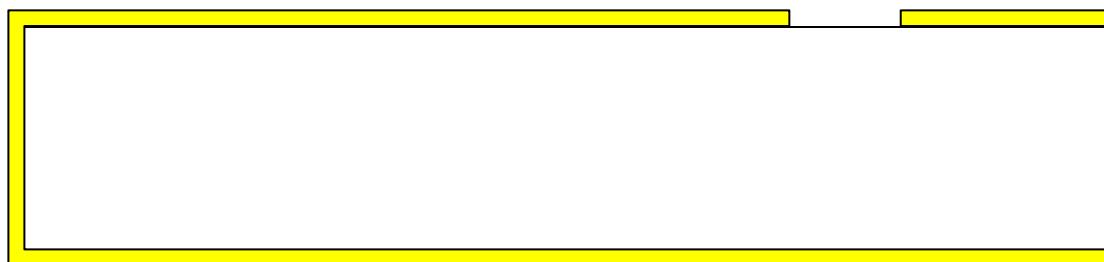


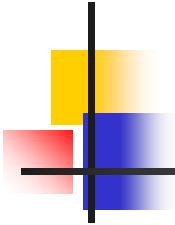


# The Process – Lab 1

## ■ Pattern Transfer

- Deposit photoresist
- Expose on contact aligner
- Plasma etch using  $SF_6$  chemistry
- Strip resist

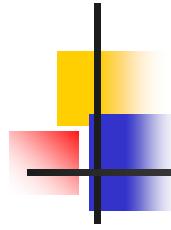




# The Process – Lab 2

- KOH Undercut Etch
  - 20%, 80C



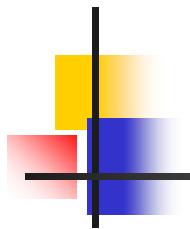


# KOH Etching

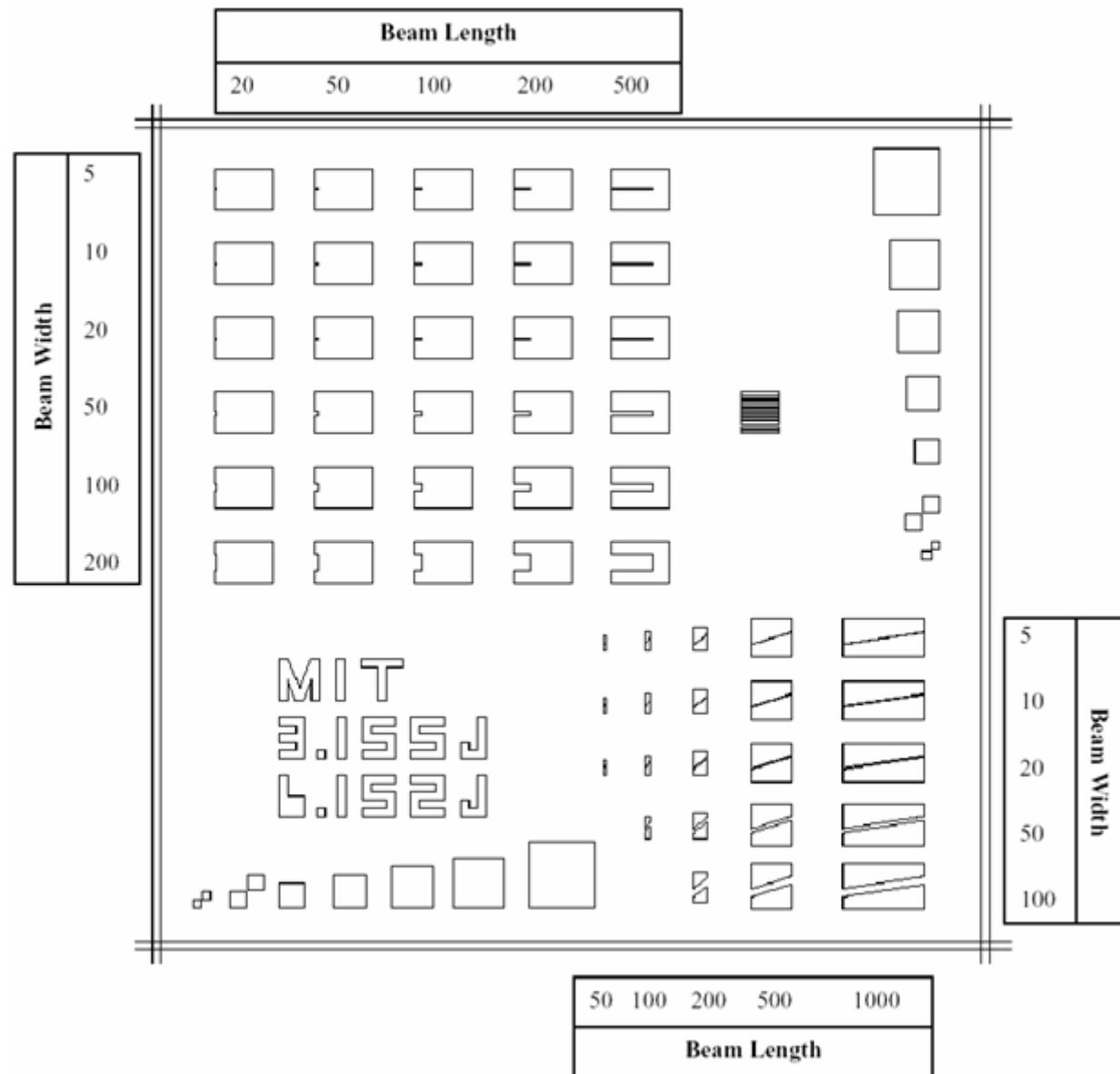
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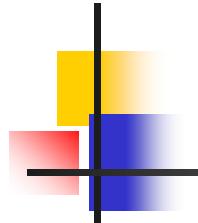
Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found in H. Seidel, L. Csepregi, A. Hueberger, and H. Baungärtel.  
*The Journal of the Electrochemical Society* 137 (1990): 3612-3626.



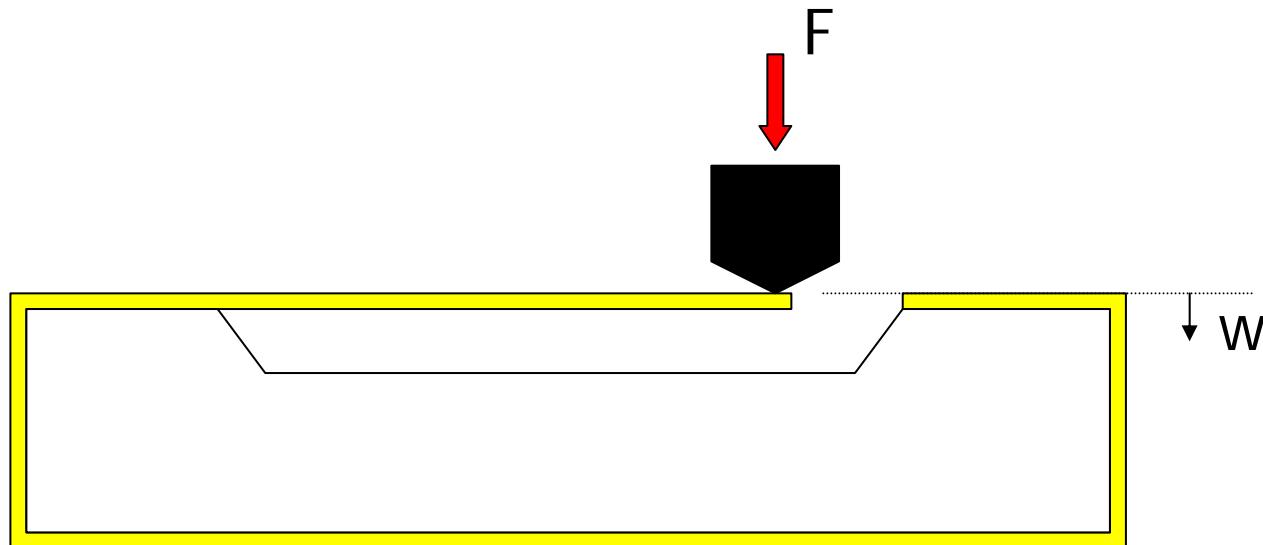
# The Mask

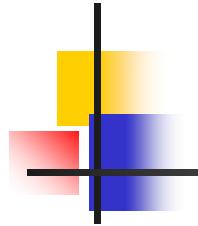




# The Process – Lab 3

- Break the wafer into die
- Mount the die on a metal plate
- Test using the Hysitron Nanoindenter



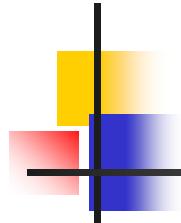


# Hysitron Nanoindenter

- Load
  - Resolution <1nN
  - Noise Floor: 100nM
  - Drift: 50 nN/min
- Displacement
  - Resolution: 0.0002nm
  - Noise Floor: 0.2nm
  - Drift: <0.05 nm/sec

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found at [www.hysitron.com](http://www.hysitron.com)



# Silicon-Rich Silicon Nitride

## Silicon nitride single-layer x-ray mask

Misao Sekimoto, Hideo Yoshihara, and Takashi Ohkubo

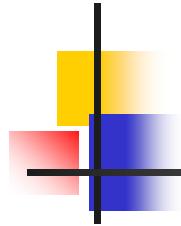
*Musashino Electrical Communication Laboratory, Nippon Telegraph and Telephone Public Corporation,  
Musashino-shi, Tokyo, 180 Japan*

(Received 3 June 1982; accepted 9 July 1982)

In LP-CVD process, preparation of silicon nitride film with small tensile stress and low refractive index was investigated as a function of deposition temperature and reactant gas ratio ( $\text{SiH}_2\text{Cl}_2/\text{NH}_3$ ). The small stress film with low refractive index can be prepared easily by high temperature deposition. Applying the film to an x-ray mask membrane, a new silicon nitride single-layer x-ray mask with a large area window (such as 50 mm in diameter) and high transparency to visible light is realized. Using this mask, a submicron resist pattern (0.5  $\mu\text{m}$  line and space) can be replicated easily by Si-K x-ray exposure system.

PACS numbers: 81.15.Gh, 78.65.Jd, 85.40.Ci

Sekimoto, Journal of Vacuum Science and Technology, 1982



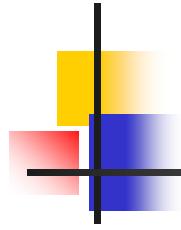
# CVD Process

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found in Sekimoto, S., H. Yoshihara, and T. Ohkubo. "Silicon Nitride Single Layer X-Ray Mask." *Journal of Vacuum Science and Technology* 21, no. 4 (Nov./Dec. 1982): 1017-1021.



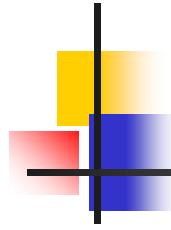
Increase ratio of  $\text{SiH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  to  $\text{NH}_3$   
Film becomes 'Silicon-Rich' ( $\text{SiN}_x$ )



# Measure Tensile Stress

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

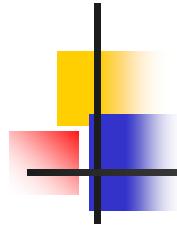
Figure found in Sekimoto, S., H. Yoshihara, and T. Ohkubo. "Silicon Nitride Single Layer X-Ray Mask." *Journal of Vacuum Science and Technology* 21, no. 4 (Nov./Dec. 1982): 1017-1021.



# Correlation with Refractive Index

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found in Sekimoto, S., H. Yoshihara, and T. Ohkubo. "Silicon Nitride Single Layer X-Ray Mask." *Journal of Vacuum Science and Technology* 21, no. 4 (Nov./Dec. 1982): 1017-1021.



# Other Information

Figure removed for copyright reasons.

Figure found in Sekimoto, S., H. Yoshihara, and T. Ohkubo. "Silicon Nitride Single Layer X-Ray Mask." *Journal of Vacuum Science and Technology* 21, no. 4 (Nov./Dec. 1982): 1017-1021.