

Problem Wk.12.2.1: Stochastic State Machines

This problem is intended to familiarize you with using the models in a Stochastic State Machine. But, first, we'll start with some review of basic distributions.

Part 1: Distributions

Consider a universe with two random variables *Disease* and *Test* that we explored in Software Lab 10. The questions below refer to the Python representations that we worked with in that lab.

1. How do we represent $P(\text{Disease}='disease')$?

number
string
DDist
procedure

2. How do we represent $P(\text{Disease})$? ----
 3. How do we represent $P(\text{Disease}='disease', \text{Test} = 'posTest')$? ----
 4. How do we represent $P(\text{Disease} | \text{Test})$? ----
 5. How do we represent $P(\text{Disease} | \text{Test} = 'posTest')$? ----
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Part 2: SSM

Let *m* be an instance of the [StochasticStateMachine CLASS](#). If *s*, *x* and *y* are states, *i* is an input and *o* is an observation.

1. What is the type of: *m.startDistribution*?

number
string
DDist
procedure
error

2. What is the type of: *m.startDistribution.prob(s)*? ----
3. What is the type of: *m.observationDistribution*? ----
4. What is the type of: *m.observationDistribution(s)*? ----
5. What is the type of: *m.observationDistribution(s).prob(o)*? ----
6. What is the type of: *m.observationDistribution.prob*? ----
7. What is the type of: *m.transitionDistribution(i)*? ----
8. What is the type of: *m.transitionDistribution(i)(y)*? ----
9. What is the type of: *m.transitionDistribution(i)(y).prob(x)*? ----
10. Write a Python expression whose value represents $P(O_t=o | S_t=s)$.
11. Write a Python expression whose value represents $P(S_{t+1}=x | S_t=y, I_t=i)$.

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