

USEFUL CONSTANTS and FORMULAS

$$1\text{mW} = 10^{-3}\text{W} = 10^{-3}\text{J s}^{-1} \quad 1\text{nm} = 10^{-9}\text{m} \quad 1\text{eV} = 1.602 \times 10^{-19}\text{J}$$

$$h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34}\text{J s} \quad \hbar = 1.05 \times 10^{-34}\text{J s} \quad c = 3.0 \times 10^8\text{m s}^{-1}$$

$$hc = 2.0 \times 10^{-25}\text{J m} \quad \epsilon_0 = 8.854 \times 10^{-12}\text{C}^2\text{kg}^{-1}\text{m}^{-3}$$

$$1\text{AMU} = 1.66 \times 10^{-27}\text{kg} \quad m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31}\text{kg} \quad e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19}\text{C}$$

$$\lambda\nu = c \quad E = h\nu \quad \lambda = h/p$$

$$l_n = mrv = n\hbar \quad r_n = n^2 a_0 \quad a_0 = 5.29 \times 10^{-11}\text{m}$$

Particle in a box:

$$E_n = \frac{n^2 h^2}{8ma^2} = \frac{n^2 \hbar^2 \pi^2}{2ma^2} \quad E_n = \frac{n^2 \hbar^2}{8ma^2} = \frac{n^2 \hbar^2 \pi^2}{2ma^2} \quad \psi_n(0 \leq x \leq a) = \left(\frac{2}{a}\right)^{1/2} \sin\left(\frac{n\pi x}{a}\right)$$

Harmonic Oscillator:

$$E_n = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) h\nu = \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right) \hbar\omega \quad \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{km}}{\hbar} = \frac{m\omega}{\hbar}, \quad \tilde{\nu} = \frac{1}{2\pi c} \left(\frac{k}{\mu}\right)^{1/2}, \quad V = \frac{1}{2} m\omega^2 x^2$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} \frac{1}{2a} \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^{2n} e^{-ax^2} dx = 2 \frac{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdots (2n-1)}{2^{n+1} a^n} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}$$

$$\psi_0(x) = \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} e^{-\alpha x^2/2} \quad \psi_1(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} (2\alpha^{1/2} x) e^{-\alpha x^2/2}$$

$$\psi_2(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{8}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} (4\alpha x^2 - 2) e^{-\alpha x^2/2} \quad \psi_3(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{48}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{\pi}\right)^{1/4} (8\alpha^{3/2} x^3 - 12\alpha^{1/2} x) e^{-\alpha x^2/2}$$

Raising and Lowering Operators:

$$a_{\pm} \equiv \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}} (mp \pm m\omega x)$$

$$\hat{x} = \left(\frac{\hbar}{2m\omega}\right)^{1/2} (a_+ + a_-) \quad \hat{p} = i \left(\frac{\hbar m\omega}{2}\right)^{1/2} (a_+ - a_-)$$

$$a_+ \psi_n = (n+1)^{1/2} \psi_{n+1}$$

$$a_- \psi_n = n^{1/2} \psi_{n-1}$$

Angular Momentum Operators

$$[L_i, L_j] = i\hbar L_k \quad i, j, k \Rightarrow x, y, z$$

$$L_+ = L_x + iL_y \quad L_- = L_x - iL_y$$

Rigid Rotor

$$Y_0^0 = \frac{1}{(4\pi)^{1/2}} \quad Y_1^0 = \left(\frac{3}{4\pi}\right)^{1/2} \cos\theta \quad Y_1^{\pm 1} = \left(\frac{3}{8\pi}\right)^{1/2} \sin\theta e^{\pm i\phi}$$

$$Y_2^0 = \left(\frac{5}{16\pi}\right)^{1/2} (3\cos^2\theta - 1) \quad Y_2^{\pm 1} = \left(\frac{15}{8\pi}\right)^{1/2} \sin\theta \cos\theta e^{\pm i\phi} \quad Y_2^{\pm 2} = \left(\frac{15}{32\pi}\right)^{1/2} \sin^2\theta e^{\pm 2i\phi}$$

$$E_J = \frac{\hbar^2}{2I} J(J+1) \quad B \equiv \frac{h}{8\pi^2 I} \quad (\text{Hz}) \quad \bar{B} \equiv \frac{h}{8\pi^2 cI} \quad (\text{cm}^{-1})$$

Hydrogen atom

Three-dimensional operators in spherical coordinates

$$\hat{H}(r, \theta, \phi) = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2\mu} \left[\frac{1}{r^2} \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \left(r^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial r} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{r^2 \sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right] + V(r, \theta, \phi)$$

$$\hat{L}^2 = -\hbar^2 \left[\frac{1}{\sin\theta} \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \left(\sin\theta \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \right) + \frac{1}{\sin^2\theta} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial \phi^2} \right] \quad \hat{L}_z = -i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial \phi}$$

$$U = \frac{-Ze^2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}, \quad E_n = \frac{-Z^2 e^2}{8\pi\epsilon_0 a_0 n^2} = \frac{-Z^2}{2n^2} \quad (\text{atomic units}) \quad n = 1, 2, 3, \dots, \quad a_0 = \frac{4\pi\epsilon_0 \hbar^2}{\mu e^2}$$

$$\int_0^\infty x^n e^{-x/a} dx = n! a^{n+1}$$

H atom spatial wavefunctions (where $\sigma = Zr/a_0$. In atomic units $a_0=1$ and $\sigma = Zr$.)

$$n=1 \quad l=0 \quad m=0 \quad \psi_{100} = \psi_{1s} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\pi}} \left(\frac{Z}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} e^{-\sigma}$$

$$n=2 \quad l=0 \quad m=0 \quad \psi_{200} = \psi_{2s} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \left(\frac{Z}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} (2 - \sigma) e^{-\sigma/2}$$

$$l=1 \quad m=0 \quad \psi_{210} = \psi_{2p_z} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{32\pi}} \left(\frac{Z}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} \sigma e^{-\sigma/2} \cos \theta$$

$$l=1 \quad m=\pm 1 \quad \psi_{21\pm 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{64\pi}} \left(\frac{Z}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} \sigma e^{-\sigma/2} \sin \theta e^{\pm i\phi}$$

$$n=3 \quad l=0 \quad m=0 \quad \psi_{300} = \frac{1}{81\sqrt{3\pi}} \left(\frac{Z}{a_0} \right)^{3/2} (27 - 18\sigma + 2\sigma^2) e^{-\sigma/3} = \psi_{3s}$$