(1) Provide a mechanism for each of the following reactions. Please name each elementary step (e.g., oxidative addition, reductive elimination...).

(2) When  $\bf A$  is treated with a Pd(0) catalyst and methyl acrylate,  $\bf B$  is formed. When  $\bf C$  is treated with a Pd(0) catalyst and methyl acrylate,  $\bf D$  is formed. Please provide a mechanism for each reaction, and explain the difference in the reaction pathways.

(3) Provide two mechanisms for the illustrated transformation. In one mechanism, HOAc oxidatively adds to Pd(0) to generate a palladium hydride; in the other mechanism, HOAc simply serves as the solvent (it is not involved in the mechanism).