

7.013 Spring 2005

Cell Biology terms

Continued **RECOMBINANT DNA:**

dNTP, ddNTP,

Ex-vivo

In vivo

In vitro

single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP)

Cell Biology Terms to know

Adrenaline

Antibody

Apoptosis (programmed cell death)

Apoptotic cell

Biological ligands (growth factors, steroids, peptides)

cAMP

Caspase

Cdc28

CDK (cyclin dependent kinase)

Ced 3, ced 4, ced 9

Cell cycle (critical events: DNA replication (S), chromosome segregation (M))

Cell division

Checkpoints

Cofactor

Covalent/non covalent changes

Cyclins

Cytoplasm

Cytoplasmic protein

DNA fragmented

Dnase

Endoplasmic reticulum (ER)

Environmental signals

Enzyme cascade

Exchange factor

Extracellular signals: ligands

Fluorescence Microscopy

Fluorescent fusion protein

G protein (trimeric)

G0 phase: resting phase

Gap phases: G1, G2, G0

GFP (green fluorescent protein)

Golgi apparatus

G-proteins

Growth factor

Guanisine triphosphate (GTP)
Immunofluorescence
Integral membrane protein
Kinase
Kinase cascade
Lipid group
Mitogenic signaling pathway
Mitotic checkpoint
Necrosis (non-specific cell death)
Nuclear localization signal (NLS)
Nuclear protein
Phosphatase
Plasma membrane
Posttranslational modification
Protease
Protein folding
Protein localization
Protein-protein interactions
Receptor
Replica plating
Ribosome
Second messenger
Secreted proteins
Signal amplification
Signal augmentation
Signal diversification
Signal inhibition
Signal integration
Signal modulation
Signal sequence
Signal stimulation
Signal transduction
Signal transduction pathway
Signaling
Signaling proteins
Stop transfer sequence
Temperature sensitive mutants
Transcription factors
Transient interaction
Yeast: simple, single cell eukaryote (can exist in haploid form)