

Brownian motion and mean-squared displacement

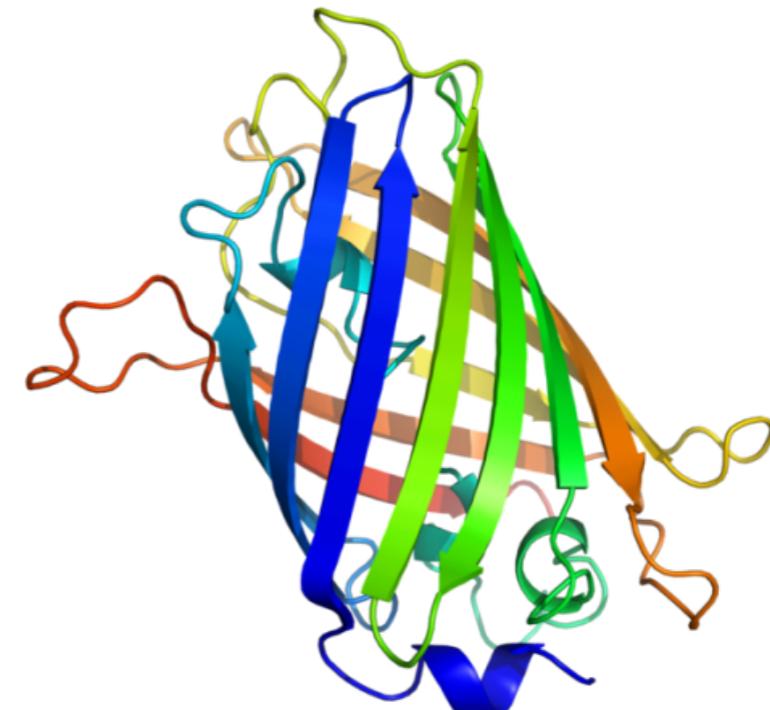
The discovery of Green Fluorescent Protein (GFP) has revolutionized *in vivo* biology

Aequorea victoria



Courtesy of [Sierra Blakely](#). Used with permission.

GFP



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Extraction, purification and properties of Aequorin, a bioluminescent protein from the Luminous Hydromedusan, *Aequorea*.

Shimomura, Johnson, and Saiga
J Cell Comp Physiol 59: 223 (1962)

Prasher and Chalfie demonstrated GFP can be expressed in bacteria and is still fluorescent

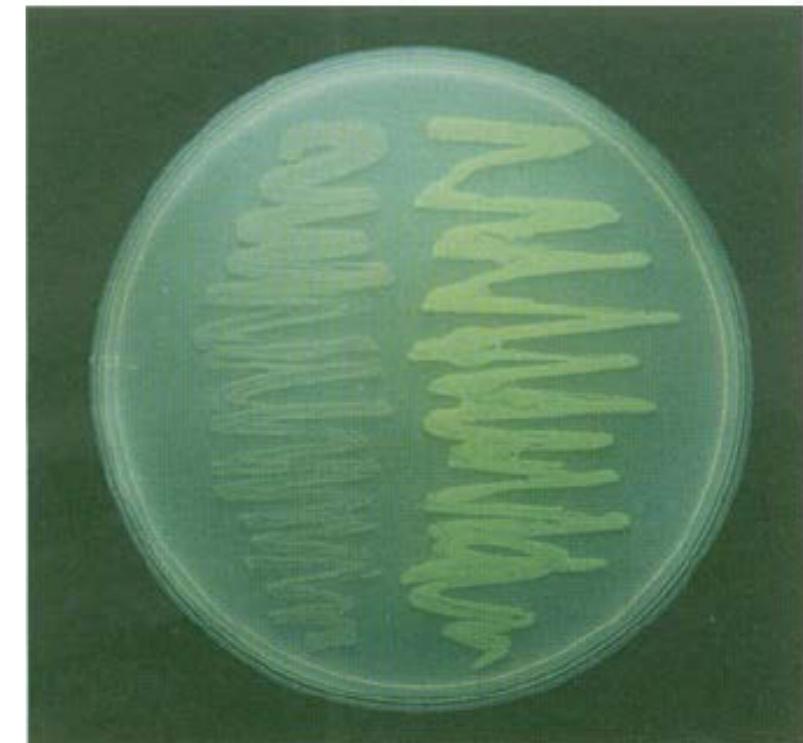
gfp10 cDNA
GeneBank Accession number M62653

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1 tacacacgaa taaaagataa caaagatgag taaaggagaa gaactttca ctggagttgt
61 cccattctt gttgaatttag atggatgtt taatgggcac aaattttctg tcagtggaga
121 gggtaaggt gatgcaacat acggaaaact tacccttaaa tttatggca ctactggaaa
181 actacctgtt ccatggccaa cacttgtcac tactttctt tatgggttc aatgctttc
241 aagataccca gatcatatga aacagcatga cttttcaag agtgccatgc ccgaaggta
301 tgtacagggaa agaactataat tttcaaaga tgacgggaaac tacaagacac gtgctgaagt
361 caagttgaa ggtgataacc ttgttaatag aatcgagttt aaaggtattt attttaaaga
421 agatggaaac attcttggac acaaatttggaa atacaactat aactcacaca atgtatacat
481 catggcagac aaacaaaaga atggaatcaa agttaacttc aaaatttagac acaacattga
541 agatgaaac gttcaacttag cagaccatta tcaacaaaat actccaattt gcgtggccc
601 tgccttttta ccagacaacc attacctgtc cacacaatct gccctttcga aagatccaa
661 cgaaaagaga gaccacatgg tccttcttga gttttaaca gctgctggaa ttacacatgg
721 catggatgaa ctatacaaat aaatgtccag acttccaattt gacactaaag tgtccgaaca
781 attactaaaa tctcagggtt cctggtaaaa ttcaggctga gatattttt atatattttt
841 agattcatta aaattgtatg aataattttt tgatgttattt gatagaggttt attttctt
901 taaacaggct acttggagtg tattcttaat tctatattaa ttacaatttg atttgacttg
961 ctcaaa

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Fig. 1. Expression of GFP in *E. coli*. The bacteria on the right side of the figure have the GFP expression plasmid. Cells were photographed during irradiation with a hand-held long-wave UV source.



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Primary structure of the *Aequorea victoria* green-fluorescent protein. Prasher, Eckenrode, Ward, Prendergast, and Cormier, *Gene* 111:229 (1992)

Green fluorescent protein as a marker for gene expression. Chalfie, Tu, Euskirchen, Ward, and Prasher *Science* 263: 802 (1994)

Brownian Motion inside Cells: Super-resolution imaging of ribosomes in a living *E. coli*

Figures removed due to copyright restrictions.

Source: Bakshi, Somenath et al. "[Superresolution imaging of ribosomes and RNA polymerase in live Escherichia coli cells](#)." Molecular Microbiology 85, no. 1 (2012): 21-38.

Measuring diffusivity using single-particle tracking

Single-particle Tracking: Application to Membrane Dynamics

Saxton & Jacobson

Annu Rev Biophys Biomol Struct 1997

$$\text{MSD}(\tau) \equiv \langle \Delta \mathbf{r}(\tau)^2 \rangle = \frac{1}{N - \tau} \sum_{i=1}^{N-\tau} |\mathbf{r}_{i+\tau} - \mathbf{r}_i|^2$$

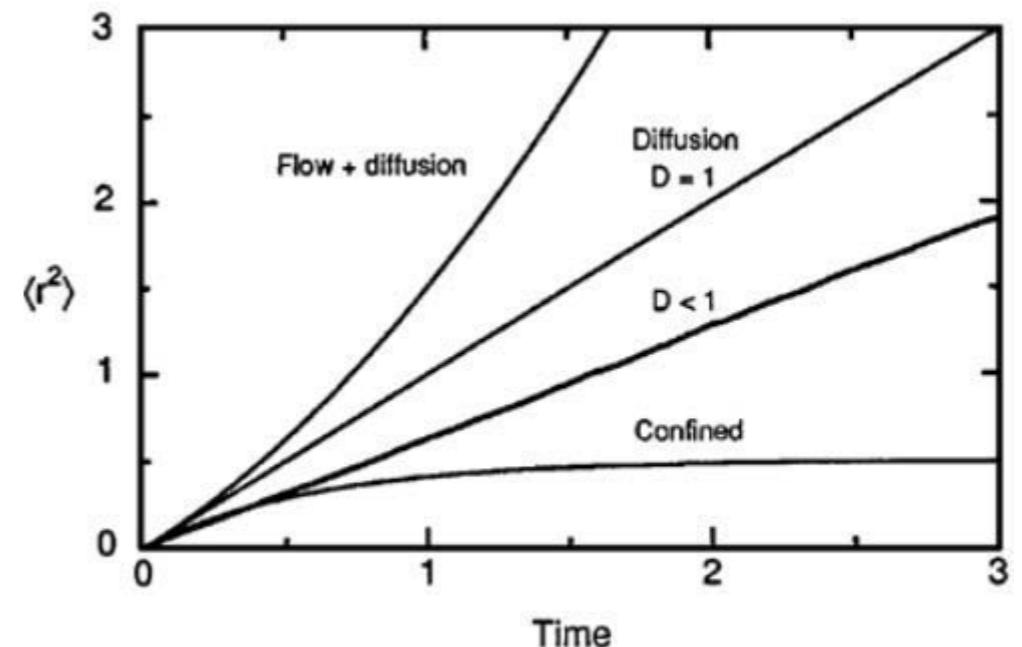
$$\langle r^2 \rangle = 4Dt$$

$$\langle r^2 \rangle = 4Dt^\alpha$$

$$\langle r^2 \rangle = 4Dt + (Vt)^2$$

$$\langle r^2 \rangle \simeq \langle r_C^2 \rangle [1 - A_1 \exp(-4A_2 Dt / \langle r_C^2 \rangle)]$$

Mean-square displacement versus time for diffusion + flow, pure normal diffusion, sub-diffusion, and confined diffusion



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Source: Saxton, Michael J., and Ken Jacobson. "Single-particle tracking: applications to membrane dynamics." Annual Review of Biophysics and Biomolecular Structure 26, no. 1 (1997): 373-399.

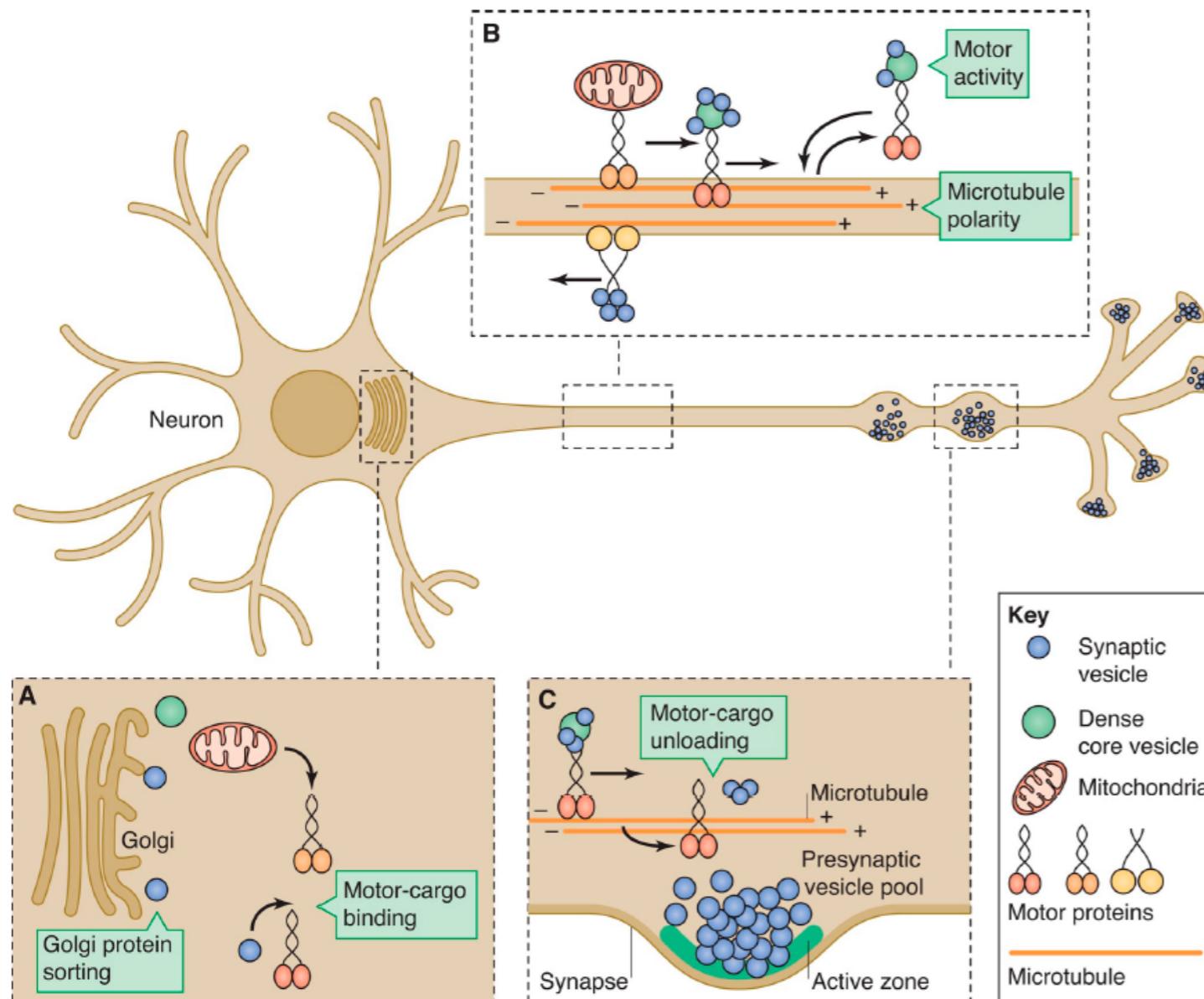
normal diffusion

anomalous diffusion

directed motion with diffusion

corralled motion

Long-range neuronal transport mediated by molecular motors



Courtesy of the authors. Used with permission.
Source: Chia, Poh Hui et al. "Cellular and molecular mechanisms underlying presynapse formation." *The Journal of Cell Biology* 203, no. 1 (2013): 11-22.

Chia et al., J Cell Biol 2013

Table 8-1 removed due to copyright restrictions.
Source: Brady, Scott et al, eds. *Basic neurochemistry: principles of molecular, cellular, and medical neurobiology*. Academic Press, 2011.

Table from Scott Brady

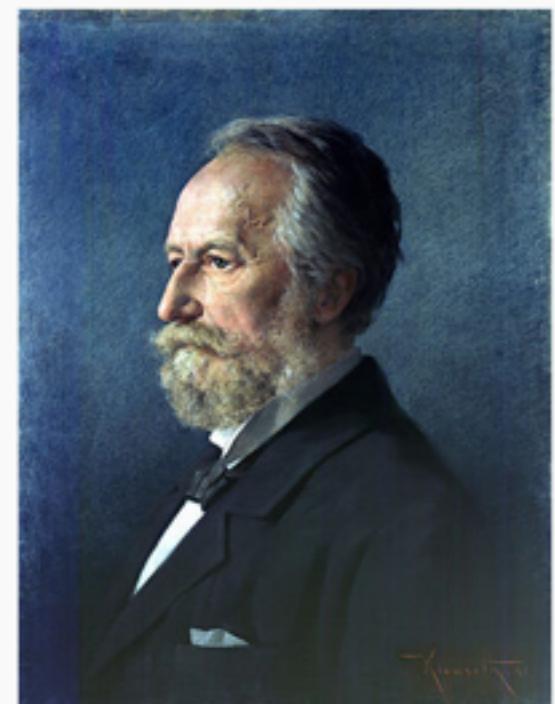
Velocity ~1 microns/second via motor transport but only ~1-10% of time is spent actively transported, thus 16 minutes from L/V becomes order of a day

Fick's First Law

Fick's First Law

Text from "[Fick's law of diffusion](#)" article on wikipedia removed due to copyright restrictions.

Adolf Fick



Adolf Eugen Fick (1829-1901)

Born	3 September 1829 Kassel, Electorate of Hesse
Died	21 August 1901 (aged 71) Blankenberge, Flanders
Nationality	German
Fields	Physiology Biophysics
Institutions	University of Zurich University of Würzburg
Alma mater	University of Marburg
Doctoral advisor	Franz Ludwig Fick ^[1]

Source: "[Adolf Eugen Fick](#)" article on Wikipedia.

Derivation of Fick's First Law

Book cover removed due to copyright restrictions.
Source: Grodzinsky, Alan. Field, Forces, and Flows
in Biological Systems. Garland Science, 2011.

Figure 1.3 and Equations 1.23-1.26 removed due to copyright restrictions.
Source: Grodzinsky, Alan. Field, Forces and Flows in Biological Systems.
Garland Science, 2011. [Preview with [Google Books](#)]

Stokes-Einstein relation for diffusivity

Proteins, drugs, viruses, bacteria, etc. are all modeled as spheres with effective radius, a , r , R_0 , etc.

Text from "[Spherical cow](#)" article on wikipedia removed due to copyright restrictions.

Sir George Stokes, Bt.

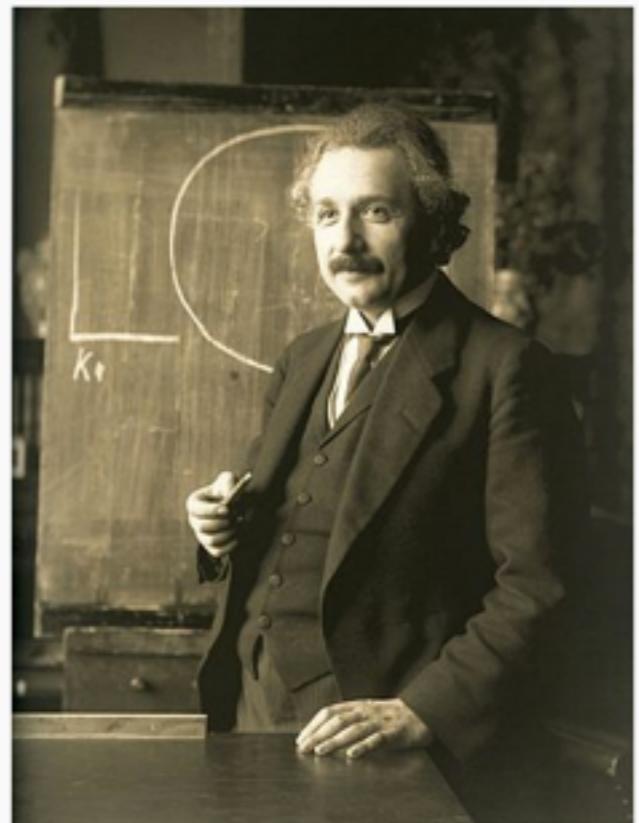


Text from "[Stoke's law](#)" article on wikipedia removed due to copyright restrictions.

Born	13 August 1819 Skreen, County Sligo, Ireland
Died	1 February 1903 (aged 83) Cambridge, England
Fields	Mathematics and physics
Institutions	University of Cambridge
Alma mater	Pembroke College, Cambridge

Source: "[Sir George Stokes](#)" article on Wikipedia.

Albert Einstein



Albert Einstein in 1921

Text from "[Einstein relation \(kinetic theory\)](#)" article on wikipedia removed due to copyright restrictions.

Born	14 March 1879 Ulm, Kingdom of Württemberg, German Empire
Died	18 April 1955 (aged 76) Princeton, New Jersey, United States
Residence	Germany, Italy, Switzerland, Austria (today: Czech Republic), Belgium, United States
Citizenship	Kingdom of Württemberg (1879–1896) Stateless (1896–1901) Switzerland (1901–1955) Austria of the Austro-Hungarian Empire (1911–1912) Germany (1914–1933) United States (1940–1955)

Estimating diffusivity using Stokes-Einstein

Molecular diffusivities in water at RT	MW [g/mol or Daltons]	a [nm]	D [$\mu\text{m}^2/\text{sec}$] estimated (measured)
H ₂ O	18	0.2	1,500 in water (2,300 in water)
ATP	507	0.6	314 in water (150 in cytoplasm)
GFP	27,000	2.2	100 in water (20 in cytoplasm)

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20.430J / 2.795J / 6.561J / 10.539J Fields, Forces, and Flows in Biological Systems
Fall 2015

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