

# Chapter 1, Question 2: Rock(-Breathing) Propulsion

A person on a dock throws rocks to a person in a boat who in turn throws them into the water. What is the force ( $F$ ) on the boat?

$R$  = throwing rate (rocks/s)

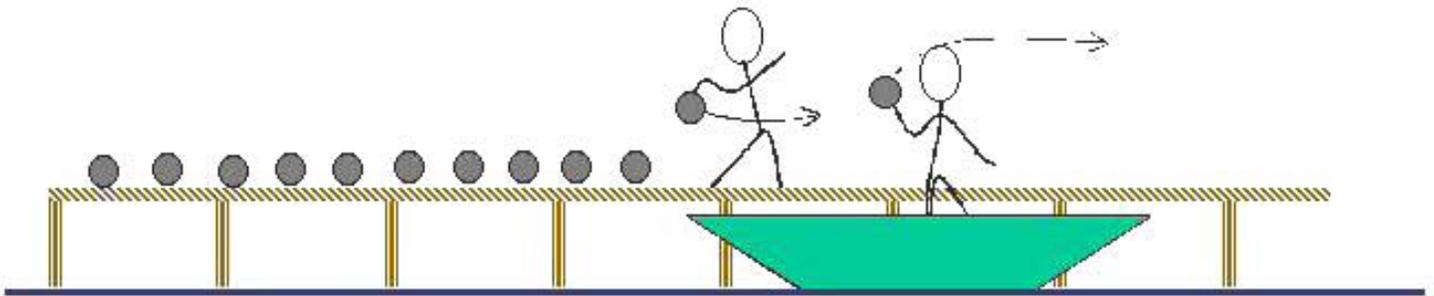
$m_b$  = mass of boat and everything in it (kg)

$m_r$  = mass of one rock (kg)

$u_{in}$  = velocity of rock in, relative to boat (m/s)

$u_{out}$  = velocity of rock out, relative to boat (m/s)

$u_b$  = velocity of boat (m/s)



1)  $F = Rm_r(u_{out}-u_{in})$

2)  $F = R(m_r+m_b)(u_{out}-u_{in})$

3)  $F = R(m_r+m_b)(u_b-u_{out})$

4)  $F = Rm_r(u_b-u_{out}-u_{in})$

5) None of the above

6) I don't know

L.O. A

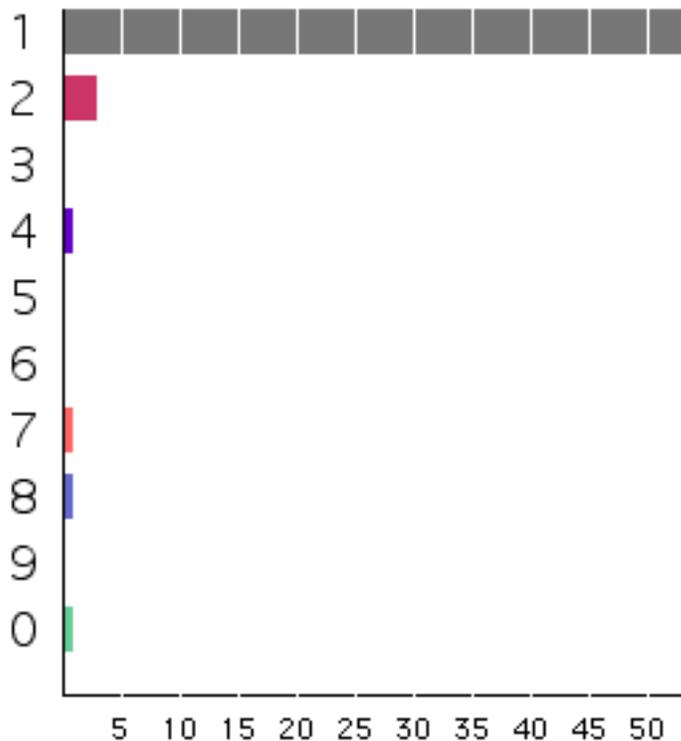
# Chapter 1, Question 2 Answer:

The correct answer is 1)  $F=Rm_r(u_{out}-u_{in})$ .

The force is equal to the time rate of change of momentum. The impulse is provided by the difference between a mass flow rate of rocks ( $Rm_r$ ) which are taken in with a velocity with respect to the boat of  $u_{in}$ , and a mass flow rate of rocks ( $Rm_r$ ) which are ejected with a velocity with respect to the boat of  $u_{out}$ .

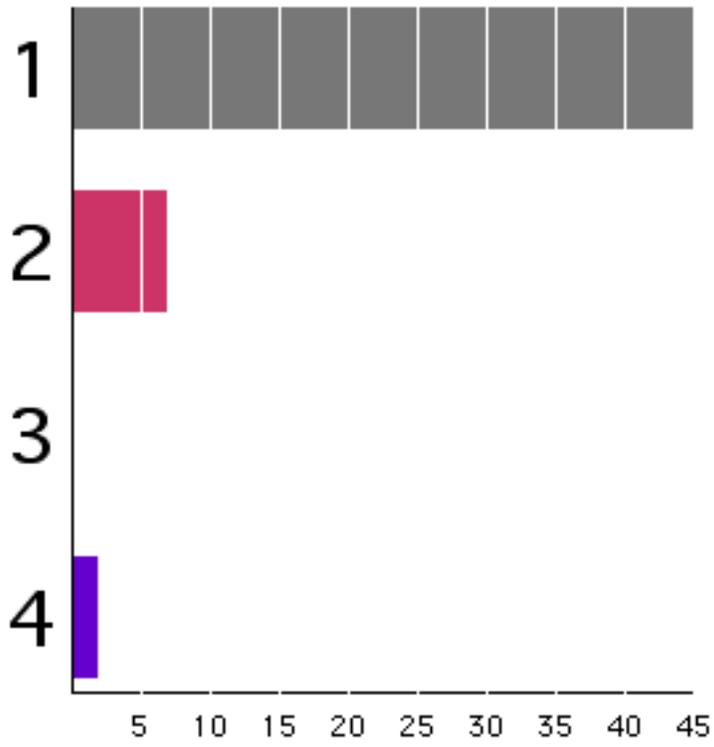
Class response (2004):

Question 2 : Question 2



Class response (2003):

### Question 4 : Question 4



Class response (2001):

# Question 2 : Question 2

