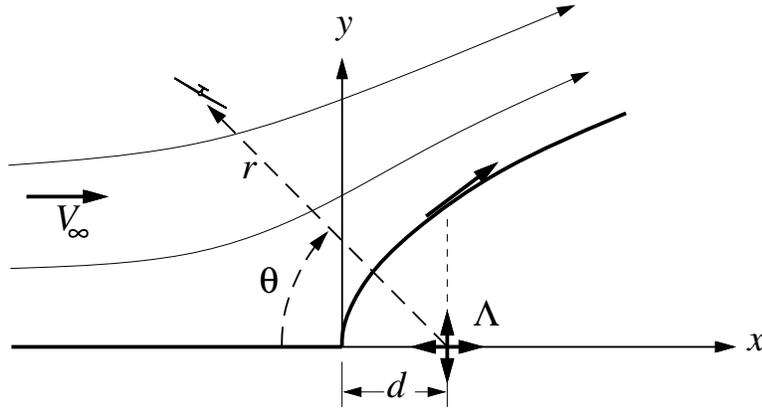


F18. Wind with velocity  $V_\infty$  is flowing over a mountain ridge have the shape  $Y(x) = \sqrt{Cx}$ . The flow is to be modeled by superimposing a uniform flow with a source located at some location  $x, y = (d, 0)$ .

$$\psi(x, y) = V_\infty y + \frac{\Lambda}{4\pi} \ln [(x - d)^2 + y^2]$$



a) Determine both the source's location  $d$ , and the strength  $\Lambda$ , with the conditions:

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 0 && \text{at } x, y = (0, 0) \\ v/u &= dY/dx && \text{at } x, y = (d, \sqrt{Cd}) \end{aligned}$$

The second condition simply requires that the flow direction on the ridge surface directly above the source is parallel to the ridge surface.

b) A sailplane flying in the slope lift upwind of the ridge requires a vertical velocity of at least  $v \geq 1\text{m/s}$  to stay aloft. For a wind speed of  $V_\infty = 15\text{m/s}$  (33 mph) and ridge size scale  $C = 500\text{m}$ , determine the maximum flyable radius  $r(\theta)$  inside which the sailplane can sustain flight. Plot the  $r(\theta)$  boundary superimposed on a plot of the ridge.